

2022 Ibrahim Index of African Governance

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Data Publications

2022 IIAG Data Publications

The raw data for the 265 variables in the 2022 Ibrahim Index of African Governance (IIAG) dataset is collected from 54 data publications, produced by 47 African and international data sources.

1. AfDB Country Policy and Institutional Assessment (CPIA), African Development Bank (AfDB)

The Country Policy and Institutional Assessment (CPIA) of the African Development Bank (AfDB) is a diagnostic tool that assesses every two years the quality of policies and the performance of institutional frameworks in the 54 African countries. However, only the data for the countries eligible for the African Development Fund (ADF) are publicly disclosed. Raw data is freely available.

<https://cpia.afdb.org/>

2. Africa Infrastructure Development Index (AIDI), African Development Bank (AfDB)

The Africa Infrastructure Development Index (AIDI) provides consolidated and comparative information on the status and progress of infrastructure development in African countries. The index is designed to serve as a tool for analysts, policy-makers, and investors alike. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.afdb.org/en/documents/economic-brief-africa-infrastructure-development-index-aidi-2020-july-2020>

3. Africa Integrity Indicators (AII), African Institute for Development Policy (AFIDEP)/Global Integrity (GI)

MIF commissioned Global Integrity (GI) and the African Institute for Development Policy (AFIDEP) to construct the Africa Integrity Indicators (AII), a range of expert assessments that evaluate key social, economic, political and anti-corruption mechanisms at the national level for 54 African countries. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.africaintegrityindicators.org/data>

4. Africa Organised Crime Index (OCINDEX), ENACT Africa

The Africa Organised Crime Index is an innovative tool designed to measure levels of organised crime in a country and assess their resilience to organised-criminal activity. Raw data is freely available.

<https://africa.ocindex.net/>

5. Africa Visa Openness Index (AVOI), African Development Bank (AfDB)/African Union Commission (AUC)

The Africa Visa Openness Index measures the extent to which each country in Africa is open to visitors from other African countries. The index analyses each country's visa requirements to show which countries on the continent facilitate travel to their territory. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.visaopenness.org/>

6. African Electoral Index: 2000-2021 (AEI), Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD-Ghana)

The African Electoral Index is an independent analysis and scoring of executive elections by using expert assessment from a variety of sources, produced by the Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD-Ghana). Since 2016, MIF commissions CDD-Ghana with the production of the African Electoral Index based on a methodology developed at the Institut de Recherche Empirique en Économie Politique (IREEP) in Benin. The methodology is made available on the MIF website and raw data scores are made available in the IIAG Excel and online data portals.

7. AIDSinfo, Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS)

The AIDSinfo database is a data visualisation and dissemination tool to facilitate the use of AIDS-related data globally. It is populated with multisectoral HIV data. Raw data is freely available.

<https://aidsinfo.unaids.org/>

8. Armed Conflict Location & Event Dataset, Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

The Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) is a disaggregated data collection, analysis, and crisis mapping project. The dataset includes the dates, actors, locations, fatalities, and types of all reported political violence and protest events. The project covers all African countries from 1997 to the present. Raw data is freely available.

<https://acleddata.com/data-export-tool/>

9. Bertelsmann Transformation Index (BTI), Bertelsmann Stiftung (BS)

The Bertelsmann Transformation Index (BTI) analyses and evaluates whether and how developing countries and countries in transition are steering social change towards democracy and a market economy. Seventeen criteria are analysed over 137 countries, through the publication of two rankings: the Status Index and the Governance Index. Raw data is freely available.

<https://bti-project.org/en?&cb=00000>

10. Child Mortality Estimates (CME), United Nations Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation (UN IGME)

Child Mortality Estimates Info (CME) is a database containing the latest child mortality estimates based on the research of the United Nations (UN) Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation (IGME). Raw data is freely available.

<https://childmortality.org/>

11. Digital Society Survey (DSS), Digital Society Project (DSP)/Varieties of Democracy Institute (V-Dem)

The Digital Society Survey, designed by the Digital Society Project, contains questions pertaining to the political environment of the internet and social media, covering 179 countries from 2000 to 2021. The Varieties of Democracy Institute (V-Dem) provided the use of its infrastructure for this data collection project. Raw data is freely available.

<http://digitalsocietyproject.org/data/>

12. Economic Complexity Index (ECI), Observatory for Economic Complexity (OEC)

The Economic Complexity Index (ECI) measures the relative knowledge intensity of an economy. Raw data is freely available.

<https://oec.world/en/rankings/eci/hs6/hs96>

13. Environmental Performance Index (EPI), Yale Center for Environmental Law & Policy/Center for International Earth Science Information Network Earth Institute, Columbia University

The Environmental Performance Index (EPI) provides a data-driven summary of the state of sustainability around the world. Using 40 performance indicators across 11 issue categories, the EPI ranks 180 countries on their progress toward improving environmental health, protecting ecosystem vitality, and mitigating climate change. Raw data is freely available.

<https://epi.yale.edu/epi-results/2022/component/epi>

14. Executive Opinion Survey (EOS), World Economic Forum (WEF)

The World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey is one of the longest running and most extensive surveys of its kind, providing a yearly assessment of critical aspects of socio-economic development by business executives. This data has been shared directly by the source with MIF. Raw data for the selected variables from this data project can be found in the IAG Excel and online data portals.

15. Family Planning Indicators (FPI), United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs (UNDESA)

The Population Division at the United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs produces a systematic and comprehensive series of annual, model-based estimates and projections of key family planning indicators, covering 197 countries or areas of the world as well as regions and development groups. The time series are available for the population of women of reproductive age (15 to 49 years) who are married or in a union for the period from 1970 to 2030 and for all women of reproductive age and for those who are unmarried for the period from 1990 to 2030. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.un.org/development/desa/pd/data/family-planning-indicators>

16. FAOSTAT, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)

FAOSTAT provides free access to food and agriculture data for over 245 countries and territories and covers all FAO regional groupings from 1961 to the most recent year available. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.fao.org/faostat/en/#home>

17. Financial Development Index Database (Findex), International Monetary Fund (IMF)

The Financial Development Index summarises how developed financial institutions and financial markets are in terms of their depth (size and liquidity), access (ability of individuals and companies to access financial services), and efficiency (ability of institutions to provide financial services at low cost and with sustainable revenues and the level of activity of capital markets). The index database provides nine indices for over 180 countries with annual frequency from 1980 onwards. Raw data is freely available.

<https://data.imf.org/?sk=f8032e80-b36c-43b1-ac26-493c5b1cd33b>

18. Fragile States Index (FSI), Fund for Peace (FFP)

The Fragile States Index (FSI) is an annual ranking of 179 countries based on the different pressures they face that impact their levels of fragility. Raw data is freely available.

<https://fragilestatesindex.org/>

19. Freedom in the World (FITW), Freedom House (FH)

Freedom in the World is an annual global report on political rights and civil liberties, composed of numerical ratings and descriptive texts for each country and a select group of territories. The 2022 edition covers developments in 195 countries and 15 territories from January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2021. Raw data is freely available.

<https://freedomhouse.org/report/freedom-world>

20. Global Burden of Disease (GBD), Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME)

The Global Burden of Disease (GBD) is the most comprehensive effort to date to measure epidemiological levels and trends worldwide. It provides a tool to quantify health loss from hundreds of diseases, injuries, and risk factors, so that health systems can be improved and disparities can be eliminated. The data capture premature death and disability from more than 350 diseases and injuries in 195 countries, by age and sex, from 1990 to the present. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.healthdata.org/gbd>

21. Global Forest Watch (GFW), World Resources Institute (WRI)

Global Forest Watch (GFW) is an online platform that provides data and tools for monitoring forests. GFW allows anyone to access near real-time information about where and how forests are changing around the world. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.globalforestwatch.org/>

22. Global Health Observatory (GHO), World Health Organization (WHO)

The Global Health Observatory (GHO) data repository provides access to over 50 data sets on priority health topics including mortality and burden of diseases, the Sustainable Development Goals, non-communicable diseases and risk factors, epidemic-prone diseases, health systems, environmental health, violence and injuries, and equity, among others. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.who.int/data/gho>

23. Global Internal Displacement Database (GIDD), Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (IDMC)

The Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (IDMC)'s Global Internal Displacement Database (GIDD) aims to provide comprehensive information on internal displacement worldwide. It covers all countries and territories for which IDMC has obtained data on situations of internal displacement. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.internal-displacement.org/database>

24. Government Revenue Dataset (GRD), United Nations University – World Institute for Development Economics Research (UNU-WIDER)

The Government Revenue Dataset (GRD) aims to present a complete picture of government revenue and tax trends over time and allows for analysis at the country, regional or cross-country level. Where possible, figures are expressed both inclusive and exclusive of natural resource revenues, which helps to overcome a major obstacle to cross-country comparisons in existing data sources. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.wider.unu.edu/project/grd-%E2%80%93-government-revenue-dataset>

25. Housing Finance in Africa Yearbook, Centre for Affordable Housing Finance in Africa (CAHF)

The Housing Finance in Africa Yearbook is an annual publication by the Centre for Affordable Housing Finance in Africa (CAHF), produced with contributions of over 44 local experts throughout the continent. Raw data is freely available.

<https://housingfinanceafrica.org/resources/yearbook/>

26. Human Capital Index (HCI), World Bank (WB)

The Human Capital Index (HCI) is a summary measure of the amount of human capital that a child born today can expect to acquire by age 18, given the risks of poor health and poor education that prevail in the country where she lives. A significant innovation is that the index measures the contribution of health and education to the productivity of individuals and countries, anchored in rigorous micro-econometric studies. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.worldbank.org/en/publication/human-capital#Index>

27. ILOSTAT, International Labour Organization (ILO)

ILOSTAT is the global reference for international labour statistics, providing a comprehensive database and resources for producing labour statistics. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.ilo.org/shinyapps/bulkexplorer23/?lang=es>

28. Integrated Index for Postal Development (2IPD)

The Universal Postal Union (UPU)'s Integrated Index for Postal Development (2IPD) is a composite index providing an overview of postal development around the world, with 168 countries covered in 2021. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.upu.int/en/Universal-Postal-Union/Activities/Research-Publications/Integrated-Index-for-Postal-Development>

29. World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database 2022 (WTID), International Telecommunication Union (ITU)

The World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database contains time series data for over 200 economies for the years 1960, 1965, 1970 and annually from 1975 to 2021, covering more than 180 telecommunication/ICT statistics. Selected demographic, macroeconomic and broadcasting statistics are also included. The 26th Edition (July 2022) of this dataset has been purchased by the Mo Ibrahim Foundation. Raw data for the selected variables from this data project can be found in the IIAG Excel and online data portals.

<https://www.itu.int/en/ITU-D/Statistics/Pages/publications/wtid.aspx>

30. Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates (JME), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)/World Health Organization (WHO)/World Bank (WB)

The Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates (JME), released by the UNICEF/WHO/WB inter-agency team, are annual estimates for child stunting, overweight, underweight, wasting and severe wasting, serving as a description of the magnitude and patterns of under- and overnutrition. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.who.int/news/item/06-05-2021-the-unicef-who-wb-joint-child-malnutrition-estimates-group-released-new-data-for-2021>

31. Joint Monitoring Programme for Water Supply and Sanitation Database (JMP), World Health Organization (WHO)/United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)

The WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP) is the custodian of global data on Water Supply, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH), having published global updates since 1990. The JMP global database includes over 5,000 national datasets enabling the production of estimates for over 200 countries, areas, and territories. The JMP monitors WASH at the household level and also in schools and health care facilities. Raw data is freely available.

<https://washdata.org/>

32. Mobile Money Metrics Prevalence Index (MMPI), Global System for Mobile Communications (GSMA)

The Mobile Money Prevalence Index is a composite index that considers mobile money adoption, activity and accessibility at country level in order to facilitate comparisons between markets. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.gsma.com/mobilemoneymetrics/#prevalence-index?y=2021>

33. Open Budget Index (OBI), International Budget Partnership (IBP)

The Open Budget Index (OBI) is part of the International Budget Partnership (IBP)'s Open Budget Survey (OBS) and assesses a country's budget transparency score, measuring whether the public has access to timely and comprehensive budget information. The OBS 2021 also measures the extent to which governments include the public in budget decision-making and monitoring, as well as the role and effectiveness of the legislature and supreme audit institution in the budget process. Raw data is freely available.

<https://internationalbudget.org/open-budget-survey/rankings>

34. Open Data Inventory (ODIN), Open Data Watch (ODW)

The Open Data Inventory (ODIN) assesses the coverage and openness of official statistics to help identify gaps, promote open data policies, improve access, and encourage dialogue between national statistical offices (NSOs) and data users. ODIN 2020/21 covers 187 countries. Raw data is freely available.

<https://odin.opendatawatch.com/>

35. Parline: Global data on national parliaments, Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU)

The Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU)'s Parline is the global dataset on national parliaments, containing over 600 data points provided directly by national parliaments on their structure, composition, working methods and activities. Raw data is freely available.

<https://data.ipu.org/>

36. Rule of Law Index, World Justice Project (WJP)

The World Justice Project (WJP)'s Rule of Law Index is the world's leading source for original, independent data on the rule of law. Covering 139 countries and jurisdictions, the Index relies on national surveys of more than 138,000 households and 4,200 legal practitioners and experts to measure how the rule of law is experienced and perceived around the world. Raw data is freely available.

<https://worldjusticeproject.org/rule-of-law-index/>

37. Rural Sector Performance Assessment (RSPA), International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD)

The International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD)'s Rural Sector Performance Assessment (RSPA) measures the quality of pro-poor rural development and rural transformation policies and institutions. IFAD makes use of the RSPA in applying the methodology - the performance-based allocation system (PBAS)- that it uses to distribute its financial resources among its developing Member States. This data is not publicly available and has been shared directly by the source with MIF. Raw data for the selected variables from this data project can be found in the IIAG Excel and online data portals.

38. Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) Global Database & Urban Indicators Database, United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs (UNDESA)/ United Nations Habitat (UN-Habitat)

The Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) Global Database contains data on more than 210 SDG indicators for countries across the globe. The Urban Indicators Database from the United Nations Human Settlement Program (UN-Habitat) provides resources focused on urban indicators and Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) 11, aimed at making cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable. Raw data is freely available.

<https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/dataportal>

39. State of Global Air, Health Effects Institute (HEI)/Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME)

The State of Global Air report and interactive website bring into one place a comprehensive analysis of the levels and trends in air quality and health for every country in the world. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.stateofglobalair.org/>

40. Statistical Capacity Indicators (SCI), World Bank (WB)

The World Bank (WB)'s Statistical Capacity Indicator is a composite score assessing the capacity of a country's statistical system. It is based on a diagnostic framework assessing the following areas: methodology; data sources; and periodicity and timeliness. Raw data is freely available.

<https://datatopics.worldbank.org/statisticalcapacity/SCIdashboard.aspx>

41. The Political Terror Scale, Political Terror Scale (PTS)

The Political Terror Scale (PTS) measures the level of political violence and terror experienced by a country in a particular year based on a 5-level "terror scale". Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.politicalterrorsscale.org/>

42. Trends in Maternal Mortality: 2000-2017, United Nations (UN) Maternal Mortality Estimation Inter-agency Group (MMEIG)

The United Nations (UN) Maternal Mortality Estimation Inter-agency Group (MMEIG) is composed of WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, the United Nations Population Division, and the World Bank Group. The MMEIG is tasked with generating internationally comparable estimates of maternal mortality for the purposes of global monitoring, having done so for Millennium Development Goal reporting and continuing to do under the Sustainable Development Goals framework. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.unfpa.org/featured-publication/trends-maternal-mortality-2000-2017>

43. UNCTADstat, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD)

UNCTADstat gives access to more than 150 trade and development indicators and statistical time series for almost all economies in the world. It offers ready-to-use analytical groupings, with a unique coverage for countries and products and a particular focus on developing economies. Raw data is freely available.

<https://unctadstat.unctad.org/EN/>

44. UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS.stat), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)

The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) Institute for Statistics (UIS) is a source for cross-nationally comparable statistics on education, science and technology, culture and communication for more than 200 countries and territories. Raw data is freely available.

<https://uis.unesco.org/>

45. Refugee Population Statistics Database, United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)

The UNHCR's Refugee Population Statistics Database contains information about forcibly displaced populations spanning more than 70 years of statistical activities. It covers displaced populations such as refugees, asylum seekers and internally displaced people, including their demographics. Stateless people are also included, most of who have never been displaced. The database also reflects the different types of solutions for displaced populations such as repatriation or resettlement. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.unhcr.org/refugee-statistics/>

46. Uppsala Conflict Data Program (UCDP), Uppsala University, Department of Peace and Conflict Research

The Uppsala Conflict Data Program (UCDP) is the world's main provider of data on organised violence and the oldest ongoing data collection project for civil war, with a history of almost 40 years. Its definition of armed conflict has become the global standard of how conflicts are systematically defined and studied. Raw data is freely available.

<https://ucdp.uu.se/>

47. Varieties of Democracy Project, Varieties of Democracy (V-Dem) Institute

The Varieties of Democracy (V-Dem) Research Project takes a comprehensive approach to understanding democratisation. This approach encompasses multiple core principles: electoral, liberal, majoritarian, consensual, participatory, deliberative, and egalitarian. The V-DEM Database measures 450+ indicators annually from 1789 to the present for all countries of the world. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.v-dem.net/data/>

48. WB Country Policy and Institutional Assessment (CPIA), World Bank (WB)

The World Bank (WB)'s Country Policy and Institutional Assessment (CPIA) rates International Development Association (IDA)-eligible countries against a set of 16 criteria that represent the various policy and institutional arrangements of an effective poverty reduction and growth strategy. They are grouped in four dimensions: (a) economic management; (b) structural policies; (c) policies for social inclusion and equity; and (d) public sector management and institutions. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.worldbank.org/en/data/datatopics/cpia>

49. Women in Politics, Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU)

The Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU)'s Women in ministerial positions dataset presents global rankings for women in executive and government positions. This data has been shared directly by the source with MIF. Raw data for latest available data year (as of 1 January 2021) can be found on IPU's website. Raw data for all available years can be found in the IAG Excel and online data portals.

<https://www.ipu.org/women-in-politics-2021>

50. Women, Business and the Law, World Bank (WB)

The World Bank (WB)'s Women, Business and the Law 2022 is the eighth in a series of annual studies measuring the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity in 190 economies. The project presents eight indicators structured around women's interactions with the law as they progress through their lives and careers: Mobility, Workplace, Pay, Marriage, Parenthood, Entrepreneurship, Assets, and Pension. Raw data is freely available.

<https://wbl.worldbank.org/en/wbl>

51. World Development Indicators (WDI), World Bank (WB)

The World Development Indicators (WDI) is the primary World Bank (WB) compilation of relevant, high-quality, and internationally comparable statistics about global development and the fight against poverty. The database contains 1,400 time series indicators for 217 economies and more than 40 country groups, with data for many indicators going back more than 50 years. Raw data is freely available.

<https://datatopics.worldbank.org/world-development-indicators/>

52. World Inequality Database, WID.world

The World Inequality Database (WID.world) aims to provide open and convenient access to the most extensive available database on the historical evolution of the world distribution of income and wealth, both within countries and between countries. Raw data is freely available.

<https://wid.world/>

53. World Press Freedom Index (WPFI), Reporters sans frontières (RSF)

The World Press Freedom Index (WPFI) compares the level of press freedom enjoyed by journalists and media in 180 countries and territories. Raw data is freely available.

<https://rsf.org/en/index>

54. Worldwide Governance Indicators (WGI), World Bank (WB)

The Worldwide Governance Indicators (WGI) provide aggregate and individual governance indicators for over 200 countries and territories over the period 1996-2021, for six dimensions of governance: Voice and Accountability; Political Stability and Absence of Violence; Government Effectiveness; Regulatory Quality; Rule of Law; and Control of Corruption. Raw data is freely available.

<https://info.worldbank.org/governance/wgi/>

Citizens' Voices Data Publications

The raw data for the 36 variables in the Citizens' Voices dataset is collected from one data publication: Afrobarometer Surveys. This is produced by Afrobarometer.

1. Afrobarometer Surveys, Afrobarometer

Afrobarometer Surveys measure the social, political and economic atmosphere in more than 30 African countries by conducting face-to-face interviews with a randomly selected sample of 1,200 or 2,400 people in each country. Raw data is freely available.

<https://www.afrobarometer.org/>



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