

DR Congo

2012-2021 GOVERNANCE RESULTS



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2022 IIAG Framework

Published since 2007, the Ibrahim Index of African Governance (IIAG) assesses governance performance in 54 African countries over the latest available 10-year period. The Mo Ibrahim Foundation defines governance as the provision of the political, social, economic and environmental public goods that every citizen has the right to expect from their state, and that a state has the responsibility to deliver to its citizens.

The 2022 IIAG covers ten years from 2012 to 2021. The data for the IIAG come from 47 sources, from which 265 variables, clustered into 81 indicators, are collected. All but four IIAG indicators are formed of more than one variable to provide a governance assessment supported by multiple proxy measurements.

The IIAG indicators are organised under 16 sub-categories and four categories - Security & Rule of Law; Participation, Rights & Inclusion; Foundations for Economic Opportunity; Human Development - that make up the Overall Governance score.

Including all the data from source as well as the composite scores calculated expressly for the IIAG, there are a total of 413 different measures of governance for any given country or group in any given data year across the ten years covered. These are made up of indicators that measure specific issues, such as *Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law*, which sits within the broader sub-category measure *Rule of Law & Justice*, which in turn is one part of the overarching category *Security & Rule of Law*. In total there are more than 220,000 data points in the 2022 IIAG dataset.

As citizens are the end recipients of public leadership and governance, measuring governance performance cannot rely on official and expert assessment data alone. For this reason, the IIAG is accompanied by a complementary dataset focused on Citizens' Voices to provide an assessment of Africa's citizens' perceptions of governance performance, composed of 36 public perception variables sourced from Afrobarometer.

2022 Ibrahim Index of African Governance (IIAG)



Citizens' Voices (CV)



PUBLIC PERCEPTION OF OVERALL GOVERNANCE

Public Perception of Security & Rule of Law

- Public Perception of Security & Safety
- Public Perception of the Rule of Law
- Public Perception of Accountability
- Public Perception of Anti-Corruption

Public Perception of Participation, Rights & Inclusion

- Public Perception of Elections & Freedom
- Public Perception of Inclusion & Equality
- Public Perception of Female Leadership



FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY



HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Public Administration



- Civil Registration
- Capacity of the Statistical System
- Tax & Revenue Mobilisation
- Budgetary & Financial Management
- Effective Administration

Business & Labour Environment



- Regional Integration
- Economic Diversification
- Business & Competition Regulations
- Access to Banking Services
- Labour Relations
- Secure Employment Opportunities

Infrastructure



- Transport Network
- Access to Energy
- Mobile Communications
- Internet & Computers
- Shipping & Postal Network

Rural Economy



- Rural Land & Water Access
- Rural Market Access
- Rural Economy Support
- Rural Representation & Participation

Health



- Access to Healthcare
- Access to Water & Sanitation
- Control of Communicable Diseases
- Control of Non-Communicable Diseases
- Child & Maternal Health
- Compliance with International Health Regulations

Education



- Equality in Education
- Education Enrolment
- Education Completion
- Human Resources in Education
- Education Quality

Social Protection & Welfare



- Social Safety Nets
- Poverty Reduction Policies
- Socioeconomic Inequality Mitigation
- Decent Housing
- Food Security

Sustainable Environment



- Promotion of Environmental Sustainability
- Enforcement of Environmental Policies
- Air Quality
- Sustainable Use of Land & Forests
- Land & Water Biodiversity Protection

Public Perception of Economic Opportunity Foundations

- Public Perception of Public Administration
- Satisfaction with Economic Opportunities
- Satisfaction with Infrastructure

Public Perception of Human Development

- Satisfaction with Health Provision
- Satisfaction with Education Provision
- Lived Poverty & Public Perception of Social Protection

Reading the Results

Scores and ranks

The IIAG scores quantify a country's performance for each governance measure each data year, expressed out of 100.0 (with 100.0 being always the best score). Rounded to one decimal point, scores are relative to each country's performance in relation to the other 54 African countries.

Ranks are calculated based on the respective scores and are expressed out of 54. When two or more countries have the same score, they share the same place in the ranking table (tied ranks).

10-year trends

The IIAG 10-year trends offer an additional layer of analysis to scores and ranks, as they quantify change in absolute score between the last and the first data years of the time series. The 2022 IIAG 10-year trends compare a country's performance for each governance measure in 2021 compared to 2012, offering an assessment of the change.

Trend classifications

Trend classifications are a third layer of analysis, complementing scores, ranks and 10-year trends. The IIAG trend classifications serve to assess the mid-period trend (2017-2021 in the 2022 IIAG) in relation to the 10-year trend (2012-2021). The comparison of mid-period and full period trends help identify early signs of the direction and pace of country trajectories - 'trends within trends'.

Trend Classification	Characteristic
Increasing Improvement	Score is better in 2021 compared to 2012, with the rate of improvement increasing since 2017
Slowing Improvement	Score is better in 2021 compared to 2012, but the rate of improvement is slowing since 2017
Warning Signs	Score is better/no change in 2021 compared to 2012, but showing decline since 2017
Bouncing Back	Score is worse/no change in 2021 compared to 2012, but showing progress since 2017
Slowing Deterioration	Score is worse in 2021 compared to 2012, but the rate of deterioration is slowing since 2017
Increasing Deterioration	Score is worse in 2021 compared to 2012, with the rate of deterioration increasing since 2017

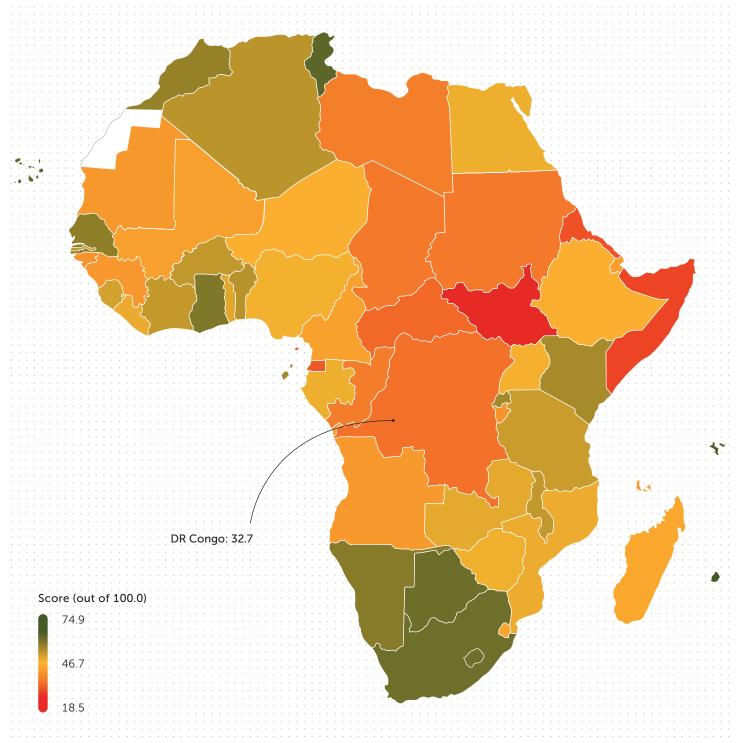
Overall Governance: Scores, Ranks & Trends

With a score of 32.7 (out of 100.0), DR Congo ranks 49th (out of 54) in *Overall Governance* in 2021.

Score (2021) 32.7 Rank (2021) 49th

African countries: Overall Governance

scores (2021)



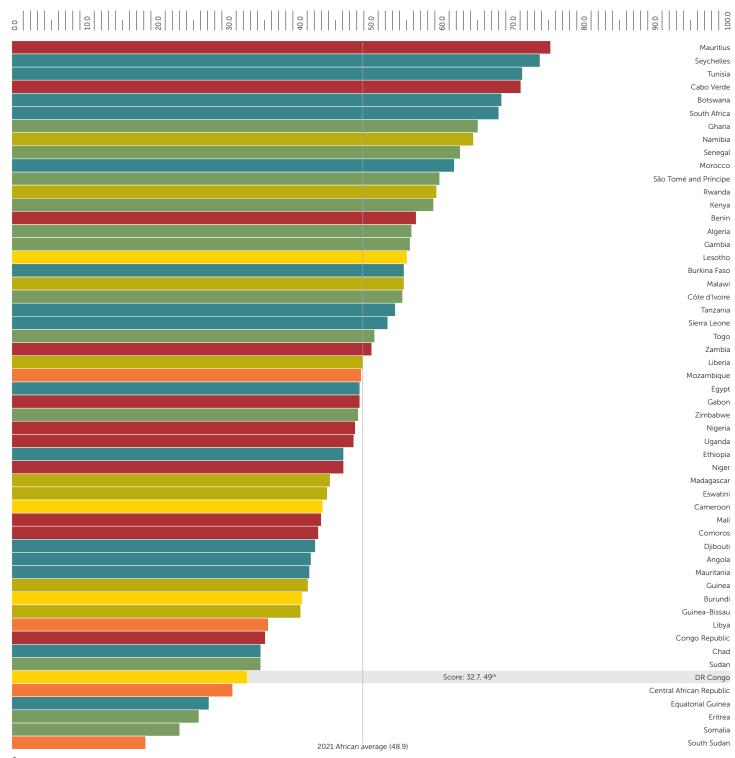
Overall Governance: Scores, Ranks & Trends

While DR Congo's *Overall Governance* score has deteriorated over the last decade (2012-2021), improvements over the most recent five years (2017-2021) are encouraging.

Trends	10-year tr (2012-202		5-year trend (2017-2021)
Score Change	-0.7		+0.3
Rank Change	-2		-1
Trend Classification	Bouncing	Back	
Trend classifications			
Increasing ImprovementSlowing ImprovementWarning Signs		Bouncing Back Slowing Deterio Increasing Deter	

African countries: *Overall Governance* scores (2021) & trend classification (2012-2021)

Score



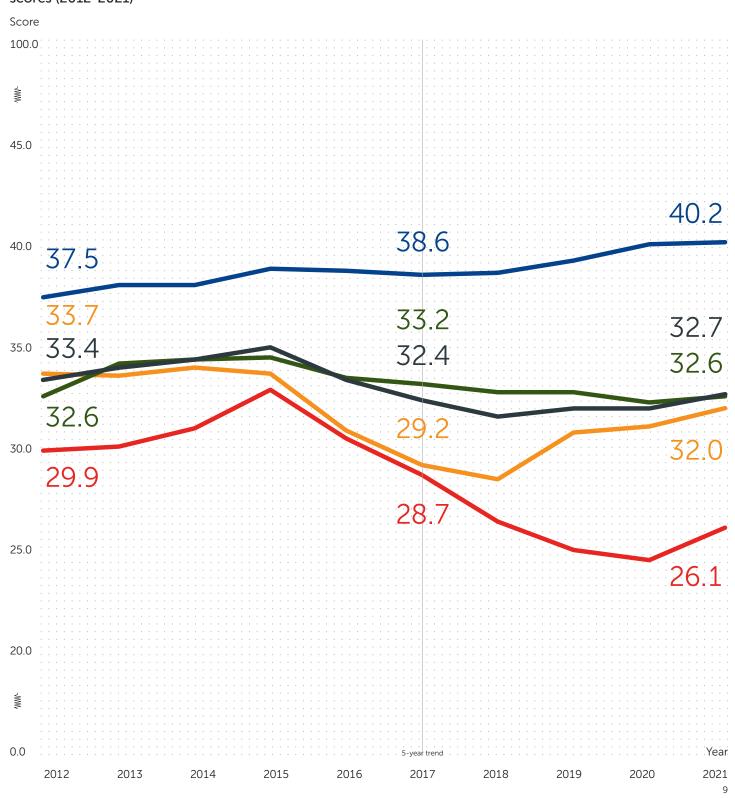
Category Level: Scores & Trends

DR Congo has deteriorated in two out of four categories since 2012, namely Security & Rule of Law and Participation, Rights & Inclusion. However, DR Congo has improved in Human Development, driven by progress in the sub-categories Health and Education and Sustainable Environment.

IIAG categories

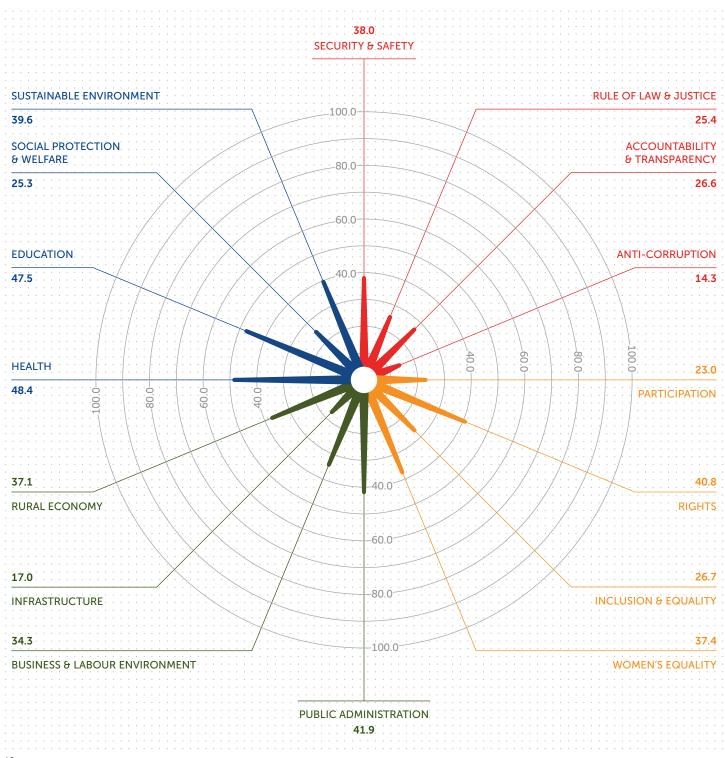
- Overall Governance
- Security & Rule of Law
- Participation, Rights & Inclusion
- Foundations for Economic Opportunity
- Human Development

DR Congo: *Overall Governance* and category scores (2012-2021)



Sub-category Level: Scores & Trends

DR Congo: sub-category scores (2021)



Sub-category Level: Scores & Trends

DR Congo has deteriorated in nine out of the 16 sub-categories since 2012. The categories to have seen the most sub-categories deteriorate are *Security & Rule of Law* and *Foundations for Economic Opportunity*. The category to have seen the most sub-categories improve is *Human Development*. However, DR Congo remains below the continental average for all sub-categories and is among the bottom ten for nine of the 16 sub-categories in 2021.

Best scoring	Score (2021)
Health	48.4
Education	47.5
Public Administration	41.9

Worst scoring	Score (2021)
Anti-Corruption	14.3
Infrastructure	17.0
Participation, Rights & Inclusion	23.0

Overall Governance drivers of change: sub-category trends (2012-2021)

Change driven by (2012-2021)

Sub-category	Trend	Score
Participation	-11.4	23.0
Security & Safety	-11.0	38.0
Anti-Corruption	-3.8	14.3
Rural Economy	-2.4	37.1
Social Protection & Welfare	-2.4	25.3
Women's Equality	-2.3	37.4
Public Administration	-2.0	41.9
Rule of Law & Justice	-1.3	25.4
Business & Labour Environment	-0.7	34.3

Change opposed by (2012-2021)

Sub-category	Trend	Score
Health	+8.5	48.4
Rights	+5.9	40.8
Infrastructure	+4.9	17.0
Sustainable Environment	+4.2	39.6
Inclusion & Equality	+1.1	26.7
Accountability & Transparency	+0.9	26.6
Education	+0.6	47.5

IIAG categories

- Security & Rule of Law
- Participation, Rights & Inclusion
- Foundations for Economic Opportunity
- Human Development

Indicator Level: Scores & Trends

DR Congo scores below the continental average for 74 of the 81 indicators. DR Congo improved in 39 out of the 81 indicators across the IIAG since 2012 and declined in 39. No change was registered in three indicators.

IIAG categories

- Security & Rule of Law
- Participation, Rights & Inclusion
- Foundations for Economic Opportunity
- Human Development

Best scoring & worst scoring indicators (2021)

Best scoring indicators (2021)	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Human Resources in Education	93.3	8	Education
Absence of Forced Migration	78.1	48	Security & Safety
Control of Non-Communicable Diseases	70.1	29	Health
Equal Rights & Civil Liberties for Women	68.7	33	Women's Equality
Civil Registration	62.5	24	Public Administration
Digital Rights	60.8	24	Rights
Education Completion	58.2	18	Education
Control of Communicable Diseases	57.8	46	Health
Air Quality	56.9	37	Sustainable Environment
Rural Economy Support	55.8	29	Rural Economy
Worst scoring indicators (2021)	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Worst scoring indicators (2021) Internet & Computers	Score (2021) 5.6	Rank (2021) 45	Sub-category Infrastructure
			• •
Internet & Computers	5.6	45	Infrastructure
Internet & Computers Absence of Violence against Civilians	5.6 6.9	45 54	Infrastructure Security & Safety
Internet & Computers Absence of Violence against Civilians Protection against Discrimination	5.6 6.9 8.3	45 54 28	Infrastructure Security & Safety Rights
Internet & Computers Absence of Violence against Civilians Protection against Discrimination Social Safety Nets	5.6 6.9 8.3 8.3	45 54 28 51	Infrastructure Security & Safety Rights Social Protection & Welfare
Internet & Computers Absence of Violence against Civilians Protection against Discrimination Social Safety Nets Absence of Corruption in State Institutions	5.6 6.9 8.3 8.3 8.5	45 54 28 51 54	Infrastructure Security & Safety Rights Social Protection & Welfare Anti-Corruption
Internet & Computers Absence of Violence against Civilians Protection against Discrimination Social Safety Nets Absence of Corruption in State Institutions Decent Housing	5.6 6.9 8.3 8.3 8.5 9.0	45 54 28 51 54 51	Infrastructure Security & Safety Rights Social Protection & Welfare Anti-Corruption Social Protection & Welfare
Internet & Computers Absence of Violence against Civilians Protection against Discrimination Social Safety Nets Absence of Corruption in State Institutions Decent Housing Access to Energy	5.6 6.9 8.3 8.3 8.5 9.0 10.1	45 54 28 51 54 51 48	Infrastructure Security & Safety Rights Social Protection & Welfare Anti-Corruption Social Protection & Welfare Infrastructure

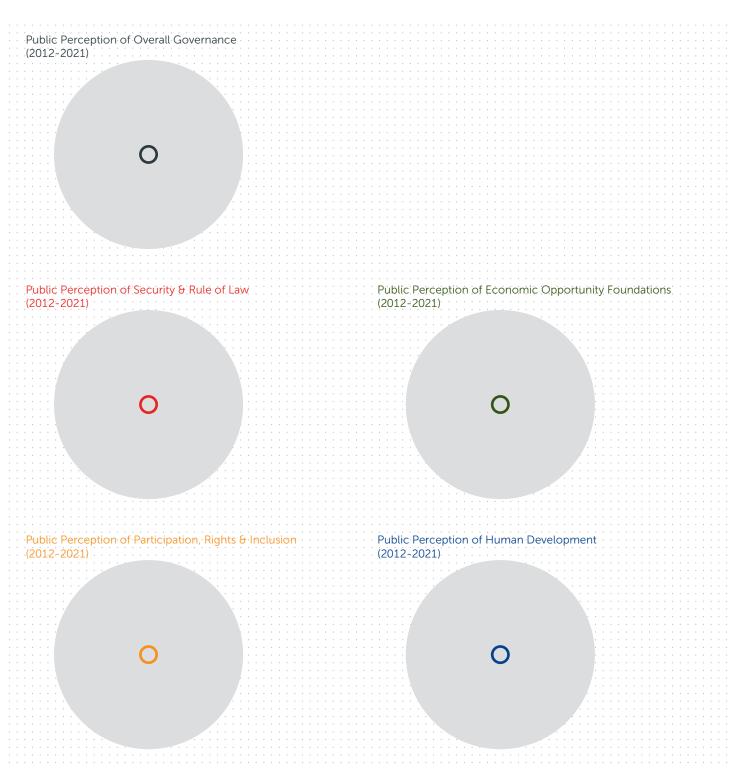
Most improved & most deteriorated indicators (2012-2021)

Most improved indicators (2012-2021)	10-year trend	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR)	+23.7	55.3	22	Health
Digital Rights	+23.7	60.8	24	Rights
Mobile Communications	+21.4	36.8	49	Infrastructure
Personal Liberties	+18.0	32.9	35	Rights
Air Quality	+15.7	56.9	37	Sustainable Environment
Control of Communicable Diseases	+14.8	57.8	46	Health
Effective Administration	+14.0	38.4	37	Public Administration
Business & Competition Regulations	+13.9	43.2	37	Business & Labour Environment
Rural Economy Support	+12.5	55.8	29	Rural Economy
Child & Maternal Health	+10.0	42.5	45	Health
Most deteriorated indicators (2012-2021)	10-year trend	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Most deteriorated indicators (2012-2021) Absence of Armed Conflict	10-year trend -35.4	Score (2021) 12.5	Rank (2021) 53	Sub-category Security & Safety
	•			
Absence of Armed Conflict	-35.4	12.5	53	Security & Safety
Absence of Armed Conflict Rural Market Access	-35.4 -34.5	12.5 34.6	53 31	Security & Safety Rural Economy
Absence of Armed Conflict Rural Market Access Civil Registration	-35.4 -34.5 -25.0	12.5 34.6 62.5	53 31 24	Security & Safety Rural Economy Public Administration
Absence of Armed Conflict Rural Market Access Civil Registration Freedom of Association & Assembly	-35.4 -34.5 -25.0 -25.0	12.5 34.6 62.5 12.5	53 31 24 32	Security & Safety Rural Economy Public Administration Participation
Absence of Armed Conflict Rural Market Access Civil Registration Freedom of Association & Assembly Public Procurement Procedures	-35.4 -34.5 -25.0 -25.0 -18.1	12.5 34.6 62.5 12.5 21.6	53 31 24 32 37	Security & Safety Rural Economy Public Administration Participation Anti-Corruption
Absence of Armed Conflict Rural Market Access Civil Registration Freedom of Association & Assembly Public Procurement Procedures Socioeconomic Opportunity for Women	-35.4 -34.5 -25.0 -25.0 -18.1 -16.4	12.5 34.6 62.5 12.5 21.6 30.1	53 31 24 32 37 45	Security & Safety Rural Economy Public Administration Participation Anti-Corruption Women's Equality
Absence of Armed Conflict Rural Market Access Civil Registration Freedom of Association & Assembly Public Procurement Procedures Socioeconomic Opportunity for Women Absence of Violence against Civilians	-35.4 -34.5 -25.0 -25.0 -18.1 -16.4 -15.9	12.5 34.6 62.5 12.5 21.6 30.1 6.9	53 31 24 32 37 45 54	Security & Safety Rural Economy Public Administration Participation Anti-Corruption Women's Equality Security & Safety

Citizens' Voices: Scores & Trends

Citizens' Voices (CV) acts as a parallel index that complements the IIAG results with citizens' perceptions and satisfaction with public services. CV mirrors the IIAG categories and provides public perception data on the closest proxies to the IIAG measures.

All the raw data in the CV complementary dataset is sourced from Afrobarometer. There is no CV data for DR Congo.



Country Info

Region

Central Africa

Geography

Coastal

REC Membership(s)

Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA)

East African Community (EAC)

Economic Community of Central African States (ECCAS)

Southern African Development Community (SADC)

Leadership (2012-2021)

President Joseph Kabila (2001-2019)

President Felix Tschisekedi (2019-)

Additional Data

Value	Unit
value	Onic
05.0	
95.9	millions
46.2	% of total population
54.0	current USD (billions)
+5.7	annual %
584.1	current USD
1218.8	current international \$
52.0	current USD (billions)
+3.3	annual %
1170.0	current international \$
79.5	% of GDP
5.4	% of working-age population
10.1	% of working age population
	% of GDP
3377.4*	current USD (millions)
7.1*	% of GNI
3.1*	% of GDP
	54.0 +5.7 584.1 1218.8 52.0 +3.3 1170.0 79.5 5.4 10.1

^{*} If 2021 data unavailable, latest available data is displayed.

2022 IIAG Scorecard

OVERALL GOVERNANCE

2021 SCORE/100 2021 RANK/54 TREND 2012-2021 **32.7 49**th **-0.7**

SECURITY & RULE OF LAW	SCORE/100 2021	RANK/54 2021	4 TREND 2012-202
SECURITY & RULE OF LAW	26.1	51	-3.8
SECURITY & SAFETY	38.0	52	-11.0
Absence of Armed Conflict	12.5	53	-35.4
Absence of Violence against Civilians	6.9	54	-15.9
Absence of Forced Migration	78.1	48	-6.4
Absence of Human Trafficking & Forced Labour	48.2	39	+5.5
Absence of Crime	44.1	51	-2.9
RULE OF LAW & JUSTICE	25.4	48	-1.3
Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law	34.8	41	+0.7
Impartiality of the Judicial System	32.3	39	-6.7
Judicial Processes	24.3	50	-2.2
Equality before the Law	18.8	43	-2.4
Law Enforcement	19.6	46	-2.4
Property Rights	22.5	50	+5.5
ACCOUNTABILITY & TRANSPARENCY	26.6	37	+0.9
Institutional Checks & Balances	33.9	32	+7.4
Absence of Undue Influence on Government	21.1	40	-6.7
Civic Checks & Balances	36.8	40	-2.0
Disclosure of Public Records	22.9	35	+5.0
Accessibility of Public Records	18.3	36	+0.8
ANTI-CORRUPTION	14.3	51	-3.8
Anti-Corruption Mechanisms	13.1	43	+8.3
Absence of Corruption in State Institutions	8.5	54	-3.3
Absence of Corruption in the Public Sector	12.5	52	-2.4
Public Procurement Procedures	21.6	37	-18.1
Absence of Corruption in the Private Sector	15.7	51	-3.6

PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION	SCORE/100 2021	RANK/54 2021	TREND 2012-2021
PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION	32.0	43	-1.7
PARTICIPATION	23.0	40	-11.4
Freedom of Association & Assembly	12.5	32	-25.0
Political Pluralism	25.7	42	-4.9
Civil Society Space	27.9	43	-9.9
Democratic Elections	25.8	34	-5.9
RIGHTS	40.8	32	+5.9
Personal Liberties	32.9	35	+18.0
Freedom of Expression & Belief	55.0	33	-3.8
Media Freedom	46.9	36	-8.7
Digital Rights	60.8	24	+23.7
Protection against Discrimination	8.3	28	+0.0
INCLUSION & EQUALITY	26.7	46	+1.1
Equal Political Power	30.9	40	+4.7
Equal Political Representation	25.2	44	-1.5
Equal Civil Liberties	49.3	39	+4.9
Equal Socioeconomic Opportunity	14.0	51	-6.5
Equal Access to Public Services	14.3	48	+4.0
WOMEN'S EQUALITY	37.4	46	-2.3
Political Power & Representation of Women	30.6	47	+7.3
Equal Rights & Civil Liberties for Women	68.7	33	+1.4
Socioeconomic Opportunity for Women	30.1	45	-16.4
Equal Access to Public Services for Women	17.5	45	-3.8
Laws on Violence against Women	40.0	36	+0.0

TREND CLASSIFICATION KEY

 Increasing Improvement
 Bouncing Back
 ■ No Change

 Slowing Improvement
 Slowing Deterioration
 ■ Not Classified

 Warning Signs
 Increasing Deterioration

FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY	SCORE/100 2021	RANK/54 2021	TREND 2012-2021
FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY	32.6	49	+0.0
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	41.9	41	-2.0
Civil Registration	62.5	24	-25.0
Capacity of the Statistical System	35.9	38	+3.8
Tax & Revenue Mobilisation	29.1	42	+1.4
Budgetary & Financial Management	43.5	30	-4.4
Effective Administration	38.4	37	+14.0
BUSINESS & LABOUR ENVIRONMENT	34.3	43	-0.7
Regional Integration	27.6	38	-4.7
Economic Diversification	48.4	42	-15.0
Business & Competition Regulations	43.2	37	+13.9
Access to Banking Services	16.9	38	-0.2
Labour Relations	52.9	25	-5.0
Secure Employment Opportunities	16.6	47	+6.8
INFRASTRUCTURE	17.0	48	+4.9
Transport Network	18.5	42	-0.2
Access to Energy	10.1	48	+2.0
Mobile Communications	36.8	49	+21.4
Internet & Computers	5.6	45	+5.0
Shipping & Postal Network	13.9	40	-3.9
RURAL ECONOMY	37.1	40	-2.4
Rural Land & Water Access	26.9	42	+2.5
Rural Market Access	34.6	31	-34.5
Rural Economy Support	55.8	29	+12.5
Rural Representation & Participation	31.0	40	+9.9

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT	CORE/100 2021	2021	TREND 2012-2021
HUMAN DEVELOPMENT	40.2	46	+2.7
HEALTH	48.4	44	+8.5
Access to Healthcare	37.6	35	+1.4
Access to Water & Sanitation	26.9	45	+2.2
Control of Communicable Diseases	57.8	46	+14.8
Control of Non-Communicable Diseases	70.1	29	-1.3
Child & Maternal Health	42.5	45	+10.0
Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR)	55.3	22	+23.7
EDUCATION	47.5	28	+0.6
Equality in Education	33.6	44	+2.7
Education Enrolment	28.4	32	+4.0
Education Completion	58.2	18	+1.3
Human Resources in Education	93.3	8	+1.7
Education Quality	23.8	45	-6.8
SOCIAL PROTECTION & WELFARE	25.3	52	-2.4
Social Safety Nets	8.3	51	-8.4
Poverty Reduction Policies	34.1	40	+0.0
Socioeconomic Inequality Mitigation	41.6	33	+5.9
Decent Housing	9.0	51	-2.5
Food Security	33.2	47	-7.5
SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENT	39.6	52	+4.2
Promotion of Environmental Sustainability	36.1	42	+7.1
Enforcement of Environmental Policies	35.3	37	-10.0
Air Quality	56.9	37	+15.7
Sustainable Use of Land & Forests	41.4	49	+5.7
Land & Water Biodiversity Protection	28.4	48	+2.5

Sources

SECURITY & RULE OF LAW

SECURITY & RULE OF LAW

SECURITY & SAFETY

Absence of Armed Conflict (ACLED/UCDP)

Absence of Violence against Civilians (ACLED/PTS)

Absence of Forced Migration (IDMC/UNHCR)

Absence of Human Trafficking & Forced Labour (ENACT/V-DEM)

Absence of Crime (ENACT/WHO)

RULE OF LAW & JUSTICE

Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law (V-DEM/WJP)

Impartiality of the Judicial System (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Judicial Processes (V-DEM/WJP)

Equality before the Law (FH/WJP)

Law Enforcement (AFIDEP&GI/WEF/WJP)

Property Rights (BS/V-DEM/WJP)

ACCOUNTABILITY & TRANSPARENCY

Institutional Checks & Balances (BS/V-DEM/WJP)

Absence of Undue Influence on Government (BS/FH/V-DEM)

Civic Checks & Balances (BS/V-DEM/WJP)

Disclosure of Public Records (AFIDEP&GI/IBP/WJP)

Accessibility of Public Records (AFIDEP&GI/WJP)

ANTI-CORRUPTION

Anti-Corruption Mechanisms (AFIDEP&GI/BS)

Absence of Corruption in State Institutions (V-DEM/WJP)

Absence of Corruption in the Public Sector (V-DEM/WEF/WJP)

Public Procurement Procedures (AFIDEP&GI/WJP)

Absence of Corruption in the Private Sector (WB/WEF)

PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION

PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION PARTICIPATION

Freedom of Association & Assembly (AFIDEP&GI/FH)

Political Pluralism (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Civil Society Space (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Democratic Elections (AFIDEP&GI/CDD-Ghana/V-DEM)

RIGHTS

Personal Liberties (FH/V-DEM/WJP)

Freedom of Expression & Belief (FH/V-DEM/WJP)

Media Freedom (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM/RSF)

Digital Rights (AFIDEP&GI/DSP&V-DEM/V-DEM)

 $Protection\ against\ Discrimination\ (AFIDEP\&GI)$

INCLUSION & EQUALITY

Equal Political Power (V-DEM)

Equal Political Representation (FH/IPU/V-DEM)

Equal Civil Liberties (V-DEM)

Equal Socioeconomic Opportunity (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Equal Access to Public Services (V-DEM)

WOMEN'S EQUALITY

Political Power & Representation of Women (AFIDEP&GI/IPU/V-DEM)

Equal Rights & Civil Liberties for Women (V-DEM/WB)

Socioeconomic Opportunity for Women (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Equal Access to Public Services for Women (V-DEM)

Laws on Violence against Women (WB)

FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Civil Registration (AFIDEP&GI)

Capacity of the Statistical System (AFIDEP&GI/ODW/V-DEM/WB)

Tax & Revenue Mobilisation (AfDB/UNU-WIDER/WB)

Budgetary & Financial Management (AfDB/WB)

Effective Administration (AfDB/AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM/WB)

BUSINESS & LABOUR ENVIRONMENT

Regional Integration (AfDB/AfDB&AUC/UNCTAD)

Economic Diversification (OEC/UNCTAD)

Business & Competition Regulations (AfDB/BS/WB)

Access to Banking Services (GSMA/IMF)

Labour Relations (AFIDEP&GI/WEF)

Secure Employment Opportunities (ILO/WB)

INFRASTRUCTURE

Transport Network (AfDB/WEF)

Access to Energy (WB/WHO)

Mobile Communications (ITU)

Internet & Computers (ITU/WB)

Shipping & Postal Network (UNCTAD/UPU)

RURAL ECONOMY

Rural Land & Water Access (IFAD)

Rural Market Access (IFAD)

Rural Economy Support (IFAD)

Rural Representation & Participation (IFAD)

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

HEALTH

Access to Healthcare (V-DEM/WHO)

Access to Water & Sanitation (WHO&UNICEF)

Control of Communicable Diseases (UNAIDS/WHO)

Control of Non-Communicable Diseases (IHME)

Child & Maternal Health (IGME/MMEIG/UNDESA/UNICEF&WHO&WB)

Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR) (WHO)

EDUCATION

Equality in Education (V-DEM/UNESCO)

Education Enrolment (UNESCO)

Education Completion (UNESCO)

Human Resources in Education (UNESCO)

Education Quality (BS/WB/WEF)

SOCIAL PROTECTION & WELFARE

Social Safety Nets (AFIDEP&GI/BS)

Poverty Reduction Policies (AfDB/BS/WB)

Socioeconomic Inequality Mitigation (AfDB/FFP/WB/WID.World)

Decent Housing (CAHF/UN-Habitat&UNDESA)

Food Security (FAO)

SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENT

Promotion of Environmental Sustainability (AfDB/BS/WB)

Enforcement of Environmental Policies (WEF/WJP)

Air Quality (HEI&IHME)

Sustainable Use of Land & Forests (FAO/WB/WRI)

Land & Water Biodiversity Protection (ENACT/WB/Yale & Columbia)

Acronyms

ACLED	Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project	UNAIDS	Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS		
AfDB	African Development Bank	UNCTAD	United Nations Conference on Trade		
AFIDEP	African Institute for Development Policy		and Development		
AUC	African Union Commission	UNDESA	United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs		
BS	Bertelsmann Stiftung	UNESCO	United Nations Educational, Scientific and		
CAHF	Centre for Affordable Housing Finance in Africa		Cultural Organization		
CDD-Ghana	Ghana Center for Democratic Development	UN-Habitat	United Nations Human Settlements Programme		
Columbia	Center for International Earth Science Information Network Earth Institute, Columbia University	UNHCR	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees		
		UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund		
DSP	Digital Society Project	UNU-WIDER	United Nations University - World Institute		
ENACT	ENACT Africa		for Development Economics Research		
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization	UPU	Universal Postal Union		
	of the United Nations	V-DEM	Varieties of Democracy Institute		
FFP	Fund for Peace	WB	World Bank		
FH	Freedom House	WEF	World Economic Forum		
Gl	Global Integrity	WHO	World Health Organization		
GSMA	Global System for Mobile Communications		, and the second		
HEI	Health Effects Institute	WID.World	World Inequality Database		
IBP	International Budget Partnership	WJP	World Justice Project		
		WRI	World Resources Institute		
IDMC	Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre	Yale	Yale Center for Environmental Law & Policy		
IFAD	International Fund for Agricultural Development				
IHME	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation				
ILO	International Labour Organization				

UN MMEIG

IMF

IPU

ITU

ODW

OEC

PTS

RSF

UCDP

UN IGME

International Monetary Fund

International Telecommunication Union

Observatory for Economic Complexity

Uppsala Conflict Data Program

Reporters sans frontières (Reporters Without Borders)

United Nations Inter-agency Group for Child

United Nations Maternal Mortality Estimation

Inter-Parliamentary Union

Open Data Watch

Political Terror Scale

Mortality Estimation

Inter-agency Group



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