

Guinea

2012-2021 GOVERNANCE RESULTS



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2022 IIAG Framework

Published since 2007, the Ibrahim Index of African Governance (IIAG) assesses governance performance in 54 African countries over the latest available 10-year period. The Mo Ibrahim Foundation defines governance as the provision of the political, social, economic and environmental public goods that every citizen has the right to expect from their state, and that a state has the responsibility to deliver to its citizens.

The 2022 IIAG covers ten years from 2012 to 2021. The data for the IIAG come from 47 sources, from which 265 variables, clustered into 81 indicators, are collected. All but four IIAG indicators are formed of more than one variable to provide a governance assessment supported by multiple proxy measurements.

The IIAG indicators are organised under 16 sub-categories and four categories - Security & Rule of Law; Participation, Rights & Inclusion; Foundations for Economic Opportunity; Human Development - that make up the Overall Governance score.

Including all the data from source as well as the composite scores calculated expressly for the IIAG, there are a total of 413 different measures of governance for any given country or group in any given data year across the ten years covered. These are made up of indicators that measure specific issues, such as *Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law*, which sits within the broader sub-category measure *Rule of Law & Justice*, which in turn is one part of the overarching category *Security & Rule of Law*. In total there are more than 220,000 data points in the 2022 IIAG dataset.

As citizens are the end recipients of public leadership and governance, measuring governance performance cannot rely on official and expert assessment data alone. For this reason, the IIAG is accompanied by a complementary dataset focused on Citizens' Voices to provide an assessment of Africa's citizens' perceptions of governance performance, composed of 36 public perception variables sourced from Afrobarometer.

2022 Ibrahim Index of African Governance (IIAG)



Citizens' Voices (CV)



PUBLIC PERCEPTION OF OVERALL GOVERNANCE

Public Perception of Security & Rule of Law

- Public Perception of Security & Safety
- Public Perception of the Rule of Law
- Public Perception of Accountability
- Public Perception of Anti-Corruption

Public Perception of Participation, Rights & Inclusion

- Public Perception of Elections & Freedom
- Public Perception of Inclusion & Equality
- Public Perception of Female Leadership



FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY



HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Public Administration



- Civil Registration
- Capacity of the Statistical System
- Tax & Revenue Mobilisation
- Budgetary & Financial Management
- Effective Administration

Business & Labour Environment



- Regional Integration
- Economic Diversification
- Business & Competition Regulations
- Access to Banking Services
- Labour Relations
- Secure Employment Opportunities

Infrastructure



- Transport Network
- Access to Energy
- Mobile Communications
- Internet & Computers
- Shipping & Postal Network

Rural Economy



- Rural Land & Water Access
- Rural Market Access
- Rural Economy Support
- Rural Representation & Participation

Health



- Access to Healthcare
- Access to Water & Sanitation
- Control of Communicable Diseases
- Control of Non-Communicable Diseases
- Child & Maternal Health
- Compliance with International Health Regulations

Education



- Equality in Education
- Education Enrolment
- Education Completion
- Human Resources in Education
- Education Quality

Social Protection & Welfare



- Social Safety Nets
- Poverty Reduction Policies
- Socioeconomic Inequality Mitigation
- Decent Housing
- Food Security

Sustainable Environment



- Promotion of Environmental Sustainability
- Enforcement of Environmental Policies
- Air Quality
- Sustainable Use of Land & Forests
- Land & Water Biodiversity Protection

Public Perception of Economic Opportunity Foundations

- Public Perception of Public Administration
- Satisfaction with Economic Opportunities
- Satisfaction with Infrastructure

Public Perception of Human Development

- Satisfaction with Health Provision
- Satisfaction with Education Provision
- Lived Poverty & Public Perception of Social Protection

Reading the Results

Scores and ranks

The IIAG scores quantify a country's performance for each governance measure each data year, expressed out of 100.0 (with 100.0 being always the best score). Rounded to one decimal point, scores are relative to each country's performance in relation to the other 54 African countries.

Ranks are calculated based on the respective scores and are expressed out of 54. When two or more countries have the same score, they share the same place in the ranking table (tied ranks).

10-year trends

The IIAG 10-year trends offer an additional layer of analysis to scores and ranks, as they quantify change in absolute score between the last and the first data years of the time series. The 2022 IIAG 10-year trends compare a country's performance for each governance measure in 2021 compared to 2012, offering an assessment of the change.

Trend classifications

Trend classifications are a third layer of analysis, complementing scores, ranks and 10-year trends. The IIAG trend classifications serve to assess the mid-period trend (2017-2021 in the 2022 IIAG) in relation to the 10-year trend (2012-2021). The comparison of mid-period and full period trends help identify early signs of the direction and pace of country trajectories - 'trends within trends'.

Trend Classification	Characteristic
Increasing Improvement	Score is better in 2021 compared to 2012, with the rate of improvement increasing since 2017
Slowing Improvement	Score is better in 2021 compared to 2012, but the rate of improvement is slowing since 2017
Warning Signs	Score is better/no change in 2021 compared to 2012, but showing decline since 2017
Bouncing Back	Score is worse/no change in 2021 compared to 2012, but showing progress since 2017
Slowing Deterioration	Score is worse in 2021 compared to 2012, but the rate of deterioration is slowing since 2017
Increasing Deterioration	Score is worse in 2021 compared to 2012, with the rate of deterioration increasing since 2017

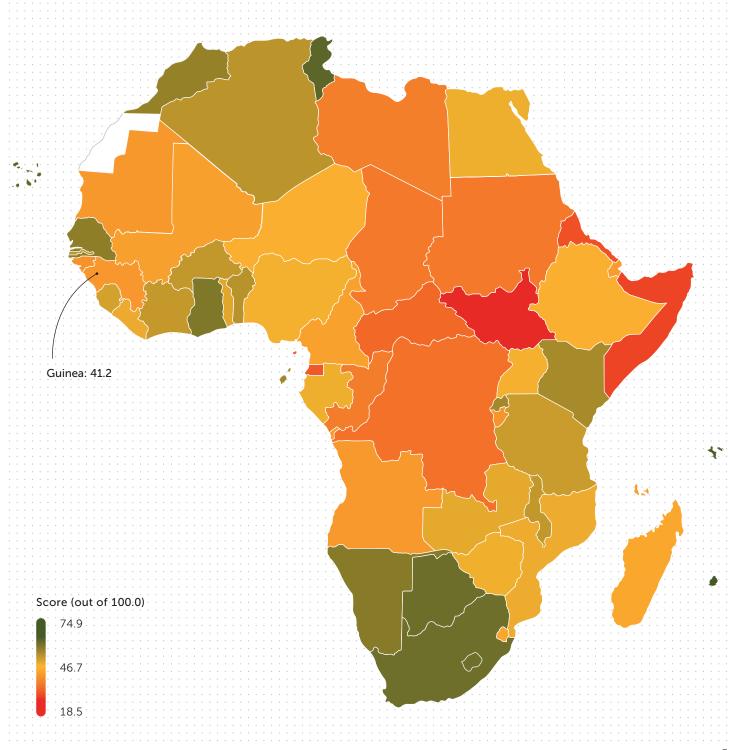
Overall Governance: Scores, Ranks & Trends

With a score of 41.2 (out of 100.0), Guinea ranks 42nd (out of 54) in *Overall Governance* in 2021.

Score (2021) 41.2 Rank (2021) 42nd

African countries: Overall Governance

scores (2021)



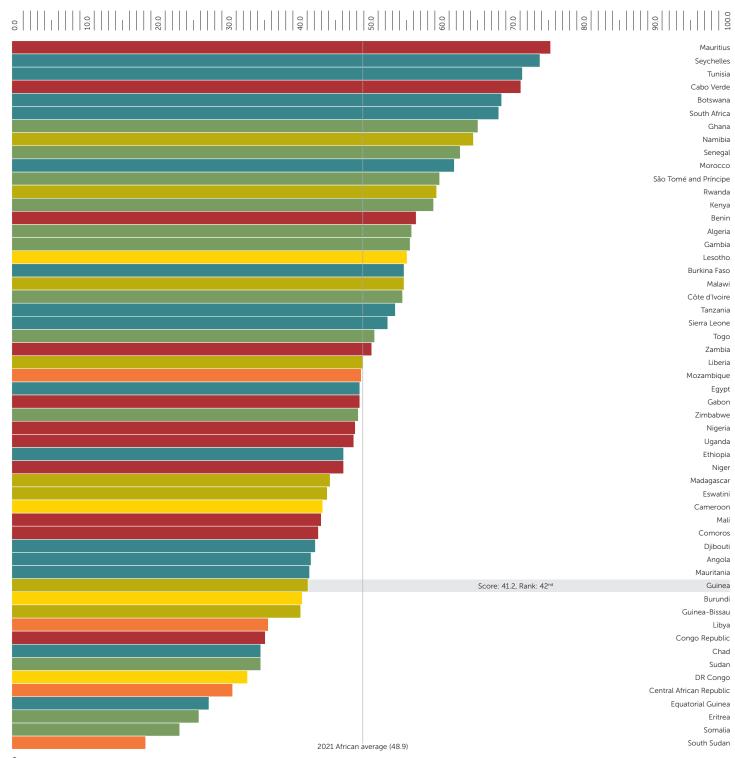
Overall Governance: Scores, Ranks & Trends

While Guinea's *Overall Governance* score has improved over the last decade (2012-2021), deterioration over the most recent five years (2017-2021) is worrisome.

Trends	10-year trend (2012-2021)	5-year trend (2017-2021)
Score Change	+0.1	-1.5
Rank Change	-2	-4
Trend Classification	Warning Signs	
Trend classifications		
Increasing Improvem	ent Bound	ing Back
Slowing Improvemen	t 📕 Slowir	ng Deterioration
Warning Signs	Increa	sing Deterioration

African countries: *Overall Governance* scores (2021) & trend classification (2012-2021)

Score



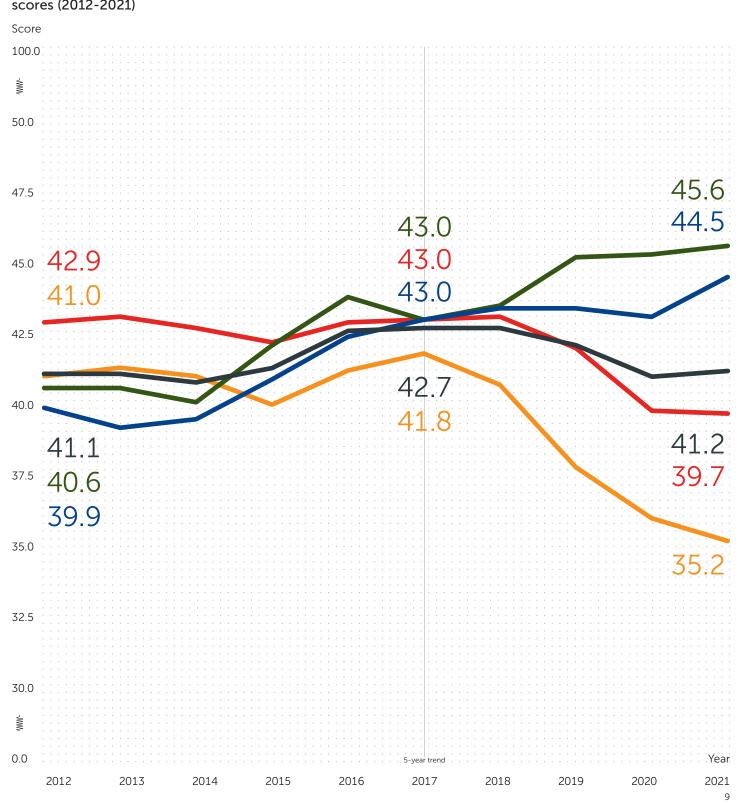
Category Level: Scores & Trends

Guinea has deteriorated in two out of four categories since 2012, namely Security & Rule of Law and Participation, Rights & Inclusion. However, Guinea has improved the most in Foundations for Economic Opportunity, driven by progress in the sub-categories Infrastructure and Rural Economy.

IIAG categories

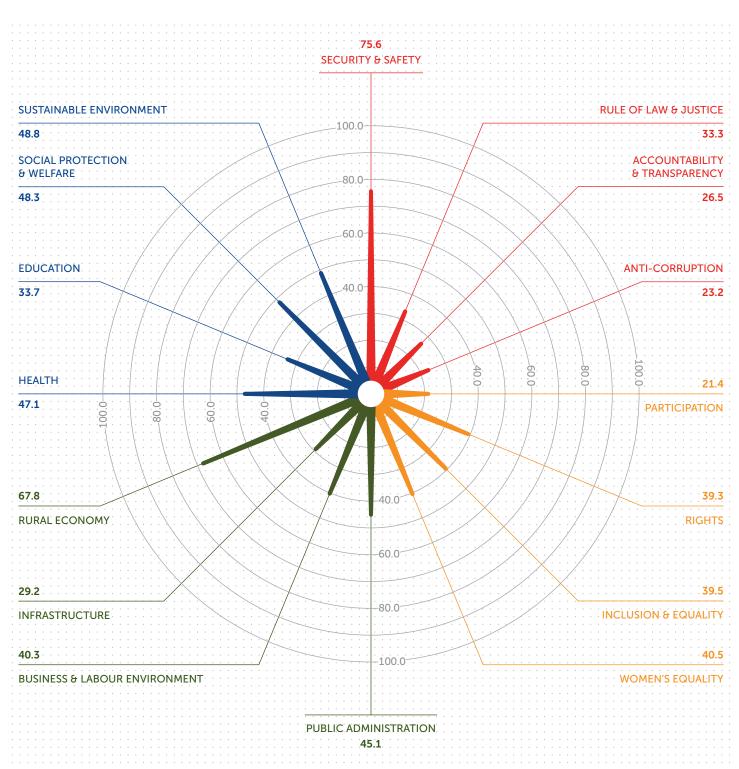
- Overall Governance
- Security & Rule of Law
- Participation, Rights & Inclusion
- Foundations for Economic Opportunity
- Human Development

Guinea: Overall Governance and category scores (2012-2021)



Sub-category Level: Scores & Trends

Guinea: sub-category scores (2021)



Sub-category Level: Scores & Trends

Guinea has deteriorated in ten out of the 16 sub-categories since 2012. It has deteriorated in all sub-categories of the *Security & Rule of Law category*. The category to have seen the most sub-categories improve is *Human Development*. Guinea scores below the continental average for 13 sub-categories and is among the bottom ten for four of the 16 sub-categories in 2021.

Best scoring	Score (2021)
Security & Safety	75.6
Rural Economy	67.8
Sustainable Environment	48.8

Worst scoring	Score (2021)
Participation	21.4
Anti-Corruption	23.2
Accountability & Transparency	26.5

Overall Governance drivers of change: sub-category trends (2012-2021)

Change driven by (2012-2021)

Sub-category	Trend	Score
Rural Economy	+14.6	67.8
Social Protection & Welfare	+14.3	48.3
Infrastructure	+9.6	29.2
Sustainable Environment	+3.7	48.8
Health	+3.6	47.1
Women's Equality	+1.7	40.5

Change opposed by (2012-2021)

Sub-category	Trend	Score
Participation	-11.2	21.4
Rights	-10.6	39.3
Accountability & Transparency	-7.7	26.5
Education	-3.2	33.7
Inclusion & Equality	-3.2	39.5
Public Administration	-3.1	45.1
Anti-Corruption	-2.5	23.2
Security & Safety	-1.6	75.6
Rule of Law & Justice	-1.2	33.3
Business & Labour Environment	-1.0	40.3

IIAG categories

- Security & Rule of Law
- Participation, Rights & Inclusion
- Foundations for Economic Opportunity
- Human Development

Indicator Level: Scores & Trends

Guinea scores below the continental average for 61 of the 81 indicators. Guinea improved in 36 out of the 81 indicators across the IIAG since 2012 and declined in 40. No change was registered in five indicators.

IIAG categories

- Security & Rule of Law
- Participation, Rights & Inclusion
- Foundations for Economic Opportunity
- Human Development

Best scoring & worst scoring indicators (2021)

Best scoring indicators (2021)	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Absence of Armed Conflict	98.1	30	Security & Safety
Absence of Forced Migration	95.9	35	Security & Safety
Absence of Violence against Civilians	84.3	28	Security & Safety
Rural Economy Support	78.6	8	Rural Economy
Rural Representation & Participation	78.1	12	Rural Economy
Control of Non-Communicable Diseases	73.1	26	Health
Absence of Crime	66.1	29	Security & Safety
Rural Land & Water Access	61.2	20	Rural Economy
Control of Communicable Diseases	61.1	43	Health
Freedom of Expression & Belief	61.0	29	Rights
Worst scoring indicators (2021)	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Worst scoring indicators (2021) Internet & Computers	Score (2021) 8.3	Rank (2021) 37	Sub-category Infrastructure
-			•
Internet & Computers	8.3	37	Infrastructure
Internet & Computers Protection against Discrimination	8.3 8.3	37 28	Infrastructure Rights
Internet & Computers Protection against Discrimination Law Enforcement	8.3 8.3 9.4	37 28 48	Infrastructure Rights Rule of Law & Justice
Internet & Computers Protection against Discrimination Law Enforcement Absence of Undue Influence on Government	8.3 8.3 9.4 9.5	37 28 48 48	Infrastructure Rights Rule of Law & Justice Accountability & Transparency
Internet & Computers Protection against Discrimination Law Enforcement Absence of Undue Influence on Government Freedom of Association & Assembly	8.3 9.4 9.5 12.5	37 28 48 48 32	Infrastructure Rights Rule of Law & Justice Accountability & Transparency Participation
Internet & Computers Protection against Discrimination Law Enforcement Absence of Undue Influence on Government Freedom of Association & Assembly Democratic Elections	8.3 8.3 9.4 9.5 12.5 12.7	37 28 48 48 32 45	Infrastructure Rights Rule of Law & Justice Accountability & Transparency Participation Participation
Internet & Computers Protection against Discrimination Law Enforcement Absence of Undue Influence on Government Freedom of Association & Assembly Democratic Elections Anti-Corruption Mechanisms	8.3 8.3 9.4 9.5 12.5 12.7 14.3	37 28 48 48 32 45 41	Infrastructure Rights Rule of Law & Justice Accountability & Transparency Participation Participation Anti-Corruption

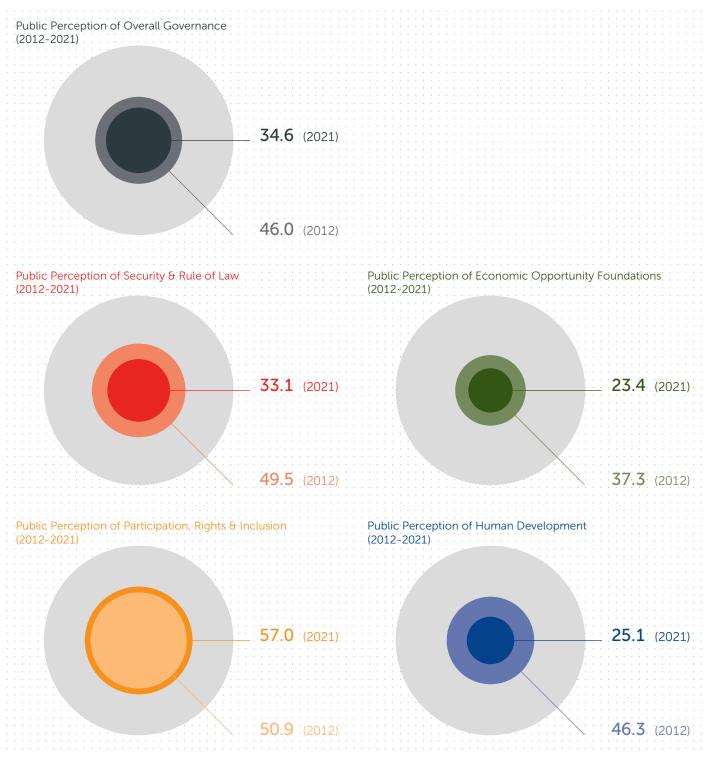
Most improved & most deteriorated indicators (2012-2021)

Most improved indicators (2012-2021)	10-year trend	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Rural Representation & Participation	+34.3	78.1	12	Rural Economy
Decent Housing	+29.1	55.1	15	Social Protection & Welfare
Food Security	+24.0	56.9	28	Social Protection & Welfare
Rural Economy Support	+17.5	78.6	8	Rural Economy
Mobile Communications	+17.2	57.5	34	Infrastructure
Absence of Corruption in the Private Sector	+17.0	32.4	36	Anti-Corruption
Rural Land & Water Access	+16.9	61.2	20	Rural Economy
Education Completion	+15.5	45.2	29	Education
Enforcement of Environmental Policies	+14.5	53.4	14	Sustainable Environment
Control of Communicable Diseases	+14.3	61.1	43	Health
Most deteriorated indicators (2012-2021)	10-year trend	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Most deteriorated indicators (2012-2021) Human Resources in Education	10-year trend -31.4	Score (2021) 48.6	Rank (2021) 36	Sub-category Education
	•			3 ,
Human Resources in Education	-31.4	48.6	36	Education
Human Resources in Education Civil Society Space	-31.4 -28.8	48.6 31.8	36 40	Education Participation
Human Resources in Education Civil Society Space Personal Liberties	-31.4 -28.8 -21.7	48.6 31.8 24.9	36 40 41	Education Participation Rights
Human Resources in Education Civil Society Space Personal Liberties Public Procurement Procedures	-31.4 -28.8 -21.7 -16.1	48.6 31.8 24.9 22.1	36 40 41 36	Education Participation Rights Anti-Corruption
Human Resources in Education Civil Society Space Personal Liberties Public Procurement Procedures Media Freedom	-31.4 -28.8 -21.7 -16.1 -16.0	48.6 31.8 24.9 22.1 52.2	36 40 41 36 31	Education Participation Rights Anti-Corruption Rights
Human Resources in Education Civil Society Space Personal Liberties Public Procurement Procedures Media Freedom Regional Integration	-31.4 -28.8 -21.7 -16.1 -16.0 -15.9	48.6 31.8 24.9 22.1 52.2 24.8	36 40 41 36 31 42	Education Participation Rights Anti-Corruption Rights Business & Labour Environment
Human Resources in Education Civil Society Space Personal Liberties Public Procurement Procedures Media Freedom Regional Integration Democratic Elections	-31.4 -28.8 -21.7 -16.1 -16.0 -15.9 -15.0	48.6 31.8 24.9 22.1 52.2 24.8 12.7	36 40 41 36 31 42 45	Education Participation Rights Anti-Corruption Rights Business & Labour Environment Participation
Human Resources in Education Civil Society Space Personal Liberties Public Procurement Procedures Media Freedom Regional Integration Democratic Elections Anti-Corruption Mechanisms	-31.4 -28.8 -21.7 -16.1 -16.0 -15.9 -15.0 -13.1	48.6 31.8 24.9 22.1 52.2 24.8 12.7 14.3	36 40 41 36 31 42 45 41	Education Participation Rights Anti-Corruption Rights Business & Labour Environment Participation Anti-Corruption

Citizens' Voices: Scores & Trends

Citizens' Voices (CV) acts as a parallel index that complements the IIAG results with citizens' perceptions and satisfaction with public services. CV mirrors the IIAG categories and provides public perception data on the closest proxies to the IIAG measures.

In Guinea, citizens' satisfaction with governance has deteriorated since 2012, with declines registered in three sub-sections. The biggest decline was registered in the *Public Perception of Human Development* sub-section, with dissatisfaction growing in all indicators.



Country Info

Region

Western Africa

Geography

Coastal

REC Membership(s)

Community of Sahel-Saharan States (CEN-SAD)

Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS)

Leadership (2012-2021)

President Alpha Condé (2010-2021)

Interim President Mamady Doumbouya (2021-)

Additional Data

Value	Unit
13.5	millions
37.3	% of total population
15.9	current USD (billions)
+3.1	annual %
1174.4	current USD
2878.6	current international \$
14.0	current USD (billions)
+0.4	annual %
2540.0	current international \$
86.5	% of GDP
6.3	% of working-age population
8.2	% of working age population
43.8*	% of GDP
723.5*	current USD (millions)
5.6*	% of GNI
1.2*	% of GDP
	13.5 37.3 15.9 +3.1 1174.4 2878.6 14.0 +0.4 2540.0 86.5 6.3 8.2 43.8* 723.5* 5.6*

^{*} If 2021 data unavailable, latest available data is displayed.

2022 IIAG Scorecard

OVERALL GOVERNANCE

2021 SCORE/100 2021 RANK/54 TREND 2012-2021 41.2 42nd +0.1

SECURITY & RULE OF LAW	SCORE/100 2021	RANK/5- 2021	4 TREND 2012-2021
SECURITY & RULE OF LAW	39.7	42	-3.2
SECURITY & SAFETY	75.6	32	-1.6
Absence of Armed Conflict	98.1	30	-1.6
Absence of Violence against Civilians	84.3	28	-1.1
Absence of Forced Migration	95.9	35	-2.0
Absence of Human Trafficking & Forced Labour	33.7	47	-5.9
Absence of Crime	66.1	29	+2.8
RULE OF LAW & JUSTICE	33.3	41	-1.2
Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law	43.3	30	+10.6
Impartiality of the Judicial System	33.9	37	-8.0
Judicial Processes	32.6	39	+0.4
Equality before the Law	45.2	28	+3.1
Law Enforcement	9.4	48	-8.1
Property Rights	35.6	45	-4.7
ACCOUNTABILITY & TRANSPARENCY	26.5	38	-7.7
Institutional Checks & Balances	27.7	41	-8.6
Absence of Undue Influence on Government	9.5	48	-11.1
Civic Checks & Balances	54.3	23	-5.9
Disclosure of Public Records	15.5	43	-0.3
Accessibility of Public Records	25.4	27	-12.9
ANTI-CORRUPTION	23.2	46	-2.5
Anti-Corruption Mechanisms	14.3	41	-13.1
Absence of Corruption in State Institutions	21.5	49	+0.6
Absence of Corruption in the Public Sector	25.6	45	-0.8
Public Procurement Procedures	22.1	36	-16.1
Absence of Corruption in the Private Sector	32.4	36	+17.0

PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION	SCORE/100 2021	RANK/5- 2021	4 TREND 2012-2021
PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION	35.2	40	-5.8
PARTICIPATION	21.4	42	-11.2
Freedom of Association & Assembly	12.5	32	+0.0
Political Pluralism	28.7	38	-0.8
Civil Society Space	31.8	40	-28.8
Democratic Elections	12.7	45	-15.0
RIGHTS	39.3	35	-10.6
Personal Liberties	24.9	41	-21.7
Freedom of Expression & Belief	61.0	29	-9.2
Media Freedom	52.2	31	-16.0
Digital Rights	50.1	31	-5.9
Protection against Discrimination	8.3	28	+0.0
INCLUSION & EQUALITY	39.5	35	-3.2
Equal Political Power	39.9	33	-5.7
Equal Political Representation	31.9	36	-1.6
Equal Civil Liberties	51.9	36	-9.6
Equal Socioeconomic Opportunity	39.9	32	-1.5
Equal Access to Public Services	34.0	28	+2.7
WOMEN'S EQUALITY	40.5	45	+1.7
Political Power & Representation of Women	45.6	32	+10.0
Equal Rights & Civil Liberties for Women	58.8	39	+1.6
Socioeconomic Opportunity for Women	38.9	40	-2.8
Equal Access to Public Services for Women	19.5	44	+0.0
Laws on Violence against Women	40.0	36	+0.0

TREND CLASSIFICATION KEY

 Increasing Improvement
 ■ Bouncing Back
 ■ No Change

 Slowing Improvement
 ■ Slowing Deterioration
 ■ Not Classified

 Warning Signs
 ■ Increasing Deterioration

FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY	SCORE/100 2021	RANK/54 2021	
FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY	45.6	35	+5.0
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	45.1	36	-3.1
Civil Registration	50.0	33	-12.5
Capacity of the Statistical System	33.3	45	+0.3
Tax & Revenue Mobilisation	43.5	27	+2.5
Budgetary & Financial Management	58.0	19	+0.0
Effective Administration	40.9	36	-5.6
BUSINESS & LABOUR ENVIRONMENT	40.3	38	-1.0
Regional Integration	24.8	42	-15.9
Economic Diversification	38.5	46	-4.1
Business & Competition Regulations	57.4	22	+4.6
Access to Banking Services	26.6	32	+0.6
Labour Relations	57.2	21	-1.2
Secure Employment Opportunities	37.5	29	+10.5
INFRASTRUCTURE	29.2	35	+9.6
Transport Network	41.4	18	+11.5
Access to Energy	22.4	38	+10.1
Mobile Communications	57.5	34	+17.2
Internet & Computers	8.3	37	+7.2
Shipping & Postal Network	16.4	34	+1.9
RURAL ECONOMY	67.8	15	+14.6
Rural Land & Water Access	61.2	20	+16.9
Rural Market Access	53.5	29	-10.3
Rural Economy Support	78.6	8	+17.5
Rural Representation & Participation	78.1	12	+34.3

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT S	CORE/100 2021	2021	TREND 2012-2021
HUMAN DEVELOPMENT	44.5	40	+4.6
HEALTH	47.1	45	+3.6
Access to Healthcare	16.5	50	+0.9
Access to Water & Sanitation	39.6	34	+3.6
Control of Communicable Diseases	61.1	43	+14.3
Control of Non-Communicable Diseases	73.1	26	+0.7
Child & Maternal Health	42.3	46	+11.2
Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR)	50.0	31	-9.2
EDUCATION	33.7	45	-3.2
Equality in Education	20.5	49	-0.4
Education Enrolment	23.5	38	+1.9
Education Completion	45.2	29	+15.5
Human Resources in Education	48.6	36	-31.4
Education Quality	30.7	37	-1.6
SOCIAL PROTECTION & WELFARE	48.3	23	+14.3
Social Safety Nets	29.8	30	+7.2
Poverty Reduction Policies	42.6	30	+3.4
Socioeconomic Inequality Mitigation	56.9	15	+7.5
Decent Housing	55.1	15	+29.1
Food Security	56.9	28	+24.0
SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENT	48.8	39	+3.7
Promotion of Environmental Sustainability	46.8	32	-4.4
Enforcement of Environmental Policies	53.4	14	+14.5
Air Quality	37.7	50	+10.3
Sustainable Use of Land & Forests	56.6	32	-1.0
Land & Water Biodiversity Protection	49.2	25	-1.4

Sources

SECURITY & RULE OF LAW

SECURITY & RULE OF LAW

SECURITY & SAFETY

Absence of Armed Conflict (ACLED/UCDP)

Absence of Violence against Civilians (ACLED/PTS)

Absence of Forced Migration (IDMC/UNHCR)

Absence of Human Trafficking & Forced Labour (ENACT/V-DEM)

Absence of Crime (ENACT/WHO)

RULE OF LAW & JUSTICE

Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law (V-DEM/WJP)

Impartiality of the Judicial System (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Judicial Processes (V-DEM/WJP)

Equality before the Law (FH/WJP)

Law Enforcement (AFIDEP&GI/WEF/WJP)

Property Rights (BS/V-DEM/WJP)

ACCOUNTABILITY & TRANSPARENCY

Institutional Checks & Balances (BS/V-DEM/WJP)

Absence of Undue Influence on Government (BS/FH/V-DEM)

Civic Checks & Balances (BS/V-DEM/WJP)

Disclosure of Public Records (AFIDEP&GI/IBP/WJP)

Accessibility of Public Records (AFIDEP&GI/WJP)

ANTI-CORRUPTION

Anti-Corruption Mechanisms (AFIDEP&GI/BS)

Absence of Corruption in State Institutions (V-DEM/WJP)

Absence of Corruption in the Public Sector (V-DEM/WEF/WJP)

Public Procurement Procedures (AFIDEP&GI/WJP)

Absence of Corruption in the Private Sector (WB/WEF)

PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION

PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION PARTICIPATION

Freedom of Association & Assembly (AFIDEP&GI/FH)

Political Pluralism (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Civil Society Space (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Democratic Elections (AFIDEP&GI/CDD-Ghana/V-DEM)

RIGHTS

Personal Liberties (FH/V-DEM/WJP)

Freedom of Expression & Belief (FH/V-DEM/WJP)

Media Freedom (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM/RSF)

Digital Rights (AFIDEP&GI/DSP&V-DEM/V-DEM)

 $Protection\ against\ Discrimination\ (AFIDEP\&GI)$

INCLUSION & EQUALITY

Equal Political Power (V-DEM)

Equal Political Representation (FH/IPU/V-DEM)

Equal Civil Liberties (V-DEM)

Equal Socioeconomic Opportunity (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Equal Access to Public Services (V-DEM)

WOMEN'S EQUALITY

Political Power & Representation of Women (AFIDEP&GI/IPU/V-DEM)

Equal Rights & Civil Liberties for Women (V-DEM/WB)

Socioeconomic Opportunity for Women (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Equal Access to Public Services for Women (V-DEM)

Laws on Violence against Women (WB)

FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Civil Registration (AFIDEP&GI)

Capacity of the Statistical System (AFIDEP&GI/ODW/V-DEM/WB)

Tax & Revenue Mobilisation (AfDB/UNU-WIDER/WB)

Budgetary & Financial Management (AfDB/WB)

Effective Administration (AfDB/AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM/WB)

BUSINESS & LABOUR ENVIRONMENT

Regional Integration (AfDB/AfDB&AUC/UNCTAD)

Economic Diversification (OEC/UNCTAD)

Business & Competition Regulations (AfDB/BS/WB)

Access to Banking Services (GSMA/IMF)

Labour Relations (AFIDEP&GI/WEF)

Secure Employment Opportunities (ILO/WB)

INFRASTRUCTURE

Transport Network (AfDB/WEF)

Access to Energy (WB/WHO)

Mobile Communications (ITU)

Internet & Computers (ITU/WB)

Shipping & Postal Network (UNCTAD/UPU)

RURAL ECONOMY

Rural Land & Water Access (IFAD)

Rural Market Access (IFAD)

Rural Economy Support (IFAD)

Rural Representation & Participation (IFAD)

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

HEALTH

Access to Healthcare (V-DEM/WHO)

Access to Water & Sanitation (WHO&UNICEF)

Control of Communicable Diseases (UNAIDS/WHO)

Control of Non-Communicable Diseases (IHME)

Child & Maternal Health (IGME/MMEIG/UNDESA/UNICEF&WHO&WB)

Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR) (WHO)

EDUCATION

Equality in Education (V-DEM/UNESCO)

Education Enrolment (UNESCO)

Education Completion (UNESCO)

Human Resources in Education (UNESCO)

Education Quality (BS/WB/WEF)

SOCIAL PROTECTION & WELFARE

Social Safety Nets (AFIDEP&GI/BS)

Poverty Reduction Policies (AfDB/BS/WB)

Socioeconomic Inequality Mitigation (AfDB/FFP/WB/WID.World)

Decent Housing (CAHF/UN-Habitat&UNDESA)

Food Security (FAO)

SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENT

Promotion of Environmental Sustainability (AfDB/BS/WB)

Enforcement of Environmental Policies (WEF/WJP)

Air Quality (HEI&IHME)

Sustainable Use of Land & Forests (FAO/WB/WRI)

Land & Water Biodiversity Protection (ENACT/WB/Yale & Columbia)

Acronyms

ACLED	Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project	UNAIDS	Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS
AfDB	African Development Bank	UNCTAD	United Nations Conference on Trade
AFIDEP	African Institute for Development Policy		and Development
AUC	African Union Commission	UNDESA	United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs
BS	Bertelsmann Stiftung	UNESCO	United Nations Educational, Scientific and
CAHF	Centre for Affordable Housing Finance in Africa		Cultural Organization
CDD-Ghana	Ghana Center for Democratic Development	UN-Habitat	United Nations Human Settlements Programme
Columbia	Center for International Earth Science Information Network Earth Institute, Columbia University	UNHCR	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
		UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund
DSP	Digital Society Project	UNU-WIDER	United Nations University - World Institute
ENACT	ENACT Africa		for Development Economics Research
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization	UPU	Universal Postal Union
	of the United Nations	V-DEM	Varieties of Democracy Institute
FFP	Fund for Peace	WB	World Bank
FH	Freedom House	WEF	World Economic Forum
Gl	Global Integrity	WHO	World Health Organization
GSMA	Global System for Mobile Communications		, and the second
HEI	Health Effects Institute	WID.World	World Inequality Database
IBP	International Budget Partnership	WJP	World Justice Project
		WRI	World Resources Institute
IDMC	Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre	Yale	Yale Center for Environmental Law & Policy
IFAD	International Fund for Agricultural Development		
IHME	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation		
ILO	International Labour Organization		

UN MMEIG

IMF

IPU

ITU

ODW

OEC

PTS

RSF

UCDP

UN IGME

International Monetary Fund

International Telecommunication Union

Observatory for Economic Complexity

Uppsala Conflict Data Program

Reporters sans frontières (Reporters Without Borders)

United Nations Inter-agency Group for Child

United Nations Maternal Mortality Estimation

Inter-Parliamentary Union

Open Data Watch

Political Terror Scale

Mortality Estimation

Inter-agency Group



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