

Sudan

2012-2021 GOVERNANCE RESULTS



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# **Table of Contents**

2022 IIAG Framework	p.3
Reading the Results	p.6
Overall Governance: Scores, Ranks & Trends	p.7
Category Level: Scores & Trends	p.9
Sub-category Level: Scores & Trends	p.10
Indicator Level: Scores & Trends	p.17
Citizens' Voices: Scores & Trends	p.13
Country Info	p.14
Additional Data	p.1
2022 IIAG Scorecard	p.16
Sources	p.1
Acronyms	p.18

## 2022 IIAG Framework

Published since 2007, the Ibrahim Index of African Governance (IIAG) assesses governance performance in 54 African countries over the latest available 10-year period. The Mo Ibrahim Foundation defines governance as the provision of the political, social, economic and environmental public goods that every citizen has the right to expect from their state, and that a state has the responsibility to deliver to its citizens.

The 2022 IIAG covers ten years from 2012 to 2021. The data for the IIAG come from 47 sources, from which 265 variables, clustered into 81 indicators, are collected. All but four IIAG indicators are formed of more than one variable to provide a governance assessment supported by multiple proxy measurements.

The IIAG indicators are organised under 16 sub-categories and four categories - Security & Rule of Law; Participation, Rights & Inclusion; Foundations for Economic Opportunity; Human Development - that make up the Overall Governance score.

Including all the data from source as well as the composite scores calculated expressly for the IIAG, there are a total of 413 different measures of governance for any given country or group in any given data year across the ten years covered. These are made up of indicators that measure specific issues, such as *Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law*, which sits within the broader sub-category measure *Rule of Law & Justice*, which in turn is one part of the overarching category *Security & Rule of Law*. In total there are more than 220,000 data points in the 2022 IIAG dataset.

As citizens are the end recipients of public leadership and governance, measuring governance performance cannot rely on official and expert assessment data alone. For this reason, the IIAG is accompanied by a complementary dataset focused on Citizens' Voices to provide an assessment of Africa's citizens' perceptions of governance performance, composed of 36 public perception variables sourced from Afrobarometer.

#### 2022 Ibrahim Index of African Governance (IIAG)



#### Citizens' Voices (CV)



#### PUBLIC PERCEPTION OF OVERALL GOVERNANCE

## Public Perception of Security & Rule of Law

- Public Perception of Security & Safety
- Public Perception of the Rule of Law
- Public Perception of Accountability
- Public Perception of Anti-Corruption

## Public Perception of Participation, Rights & Inclusion

- Public Perception of Elections & Freedom
- Public Perception of Inclusion & Equality
- Public Perception of Female Leadership



#### FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY



#### **HUMAN DEVELOPMENT**

#### **Public Administration**



- Civil Registration
- Capacity of the Statistical System
- Tax & Revenue Mobilisation
- Budgetary & Financial Management
- Effective Administration

#### **Business & Labour Environment**



- Regional Integration
- Economic Diversification
- Business & Competition Regulations
- Access to Banking Services
- Labour Relations
- Secure Employment Opportunities

#### Infrastructure



- Transport Network
- Access to Energy
- Mobile Communications
- Internet & Computers
- Shipping & Postal Network

#### **Rural Economy**



- Rural Land & Water Access
- Rural Market Access
- Rural Economy Support
- Rural Representation & Participation

#### Health



- Access to Healthcare
- Access to Water & Sanitation
- Control of Communicable Diseases
- Control of Non-Communicable Diseases
- Child & Maternal Health
- Compliance with International Health Regulations

#### **Education**



- Equality in Education
- Education Enrolment
- Education Completion
- Human Resources in Education
- Education Quality

#### Social Protection & Welfare



- Social Safety Nets
- Poverty Reduction Policies
- Socioeconomic Inequality Mitigation
- Decent Housing
- Food Security

#### **Sustainable Environment**



- Promotion of Environmental Sustainability
- Enforcement of Environmental Policies
- Air Quality
- Sustainable Use of Land & Forests
- Land & Water Biodiversity Protection

## Public Perception of Economic Opportunity Foundations

- Public Perception of Public Administration
- Satisfaction with Economic Opportunities
- Satisfaction with Infrastructure

## Public Perception of Human Development

- Satisfaction with Health Provision
- Satisfaction with Education Provision
- Lived Poverty & Public Perception of Social Protection

## Reading the Results

## Scores and ranks

The IIAG scores quantify a country's performance for each governance measure each data year, expressed out of 100.0 (with 100.0 being always the best score). Rounded to one decimal point, scores are relative to each country's performance in relation to the other 54 African countries.

Ranks are calculated based on the respective scores and are expressed out of 54. When two or more countries have the same score, they share the same place in the ranking table (tied ranks).

## 10-year trends

The IIAG 10-year trends offer an additional layer of analysis to scores and ranks, as they quantify change in absolute score between the last and the first data years of the time series. The 2022 IIAG 10-year trends compare a country's performance for each governance measure in 2021 compared to 2012, offering an assessment of the change.

### Trend classifications

Trend classifications are a third layer of analysis, complementing scores, ranks and 10-year trends. The IIAG trend classifications serve to assess the mid-period trend (2017-2021 in the 2022 IIAG) in relation to the 10-year trend (2012-2021). The comparison of mid-period and full period trends help identify early signs of the direction and pace of country trajectories - 'trends within trends'.

Trend Classification	Characteristic
Increasing Improvement	Score is better in 2021 compared to 2012, with the rate of improvement increasing since 2017
Slowing Improvement	Score is better in 2021 compared to 2012, but the rate of improvement is slowing since 2017
Warning Signs	Score is better/no change in 2021 compared to 2012, but showing decline since 2017
Bouncing Back	Score is worse/no change in 2021 compared to 2012, but showing progress since 2017
Slowing Deterioration	Score is worse in 2021 compared to 2012, but the rate of deterioration is slowing since 2017
Increasing Deterioration	Score is worse in 2021 compared to 2012, with the rate of deterioration increasing since 2017

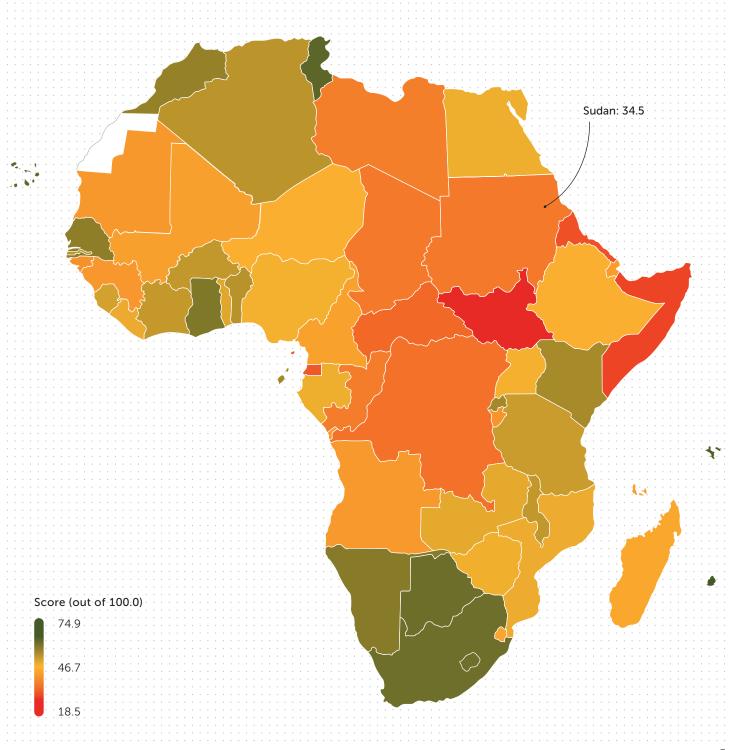
# Overall Governance: Scores, Ranks & Trends

With a score of 34.5 (out of 100.0), Sudan ranks  $47^{th}$  (out of 54) in *Overall Governance* in 2021.

Score (2021) 34.5 Rank (2021) 47<sup>th</sup>

African countries: Overall Governance

scores (2021)



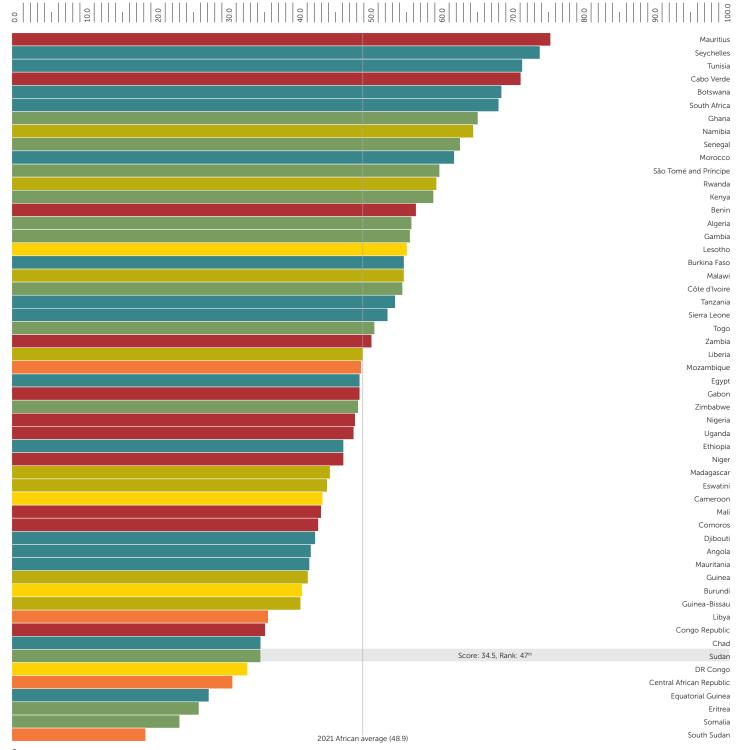
# Overall Governance: Scores, Ranks & Trends

Sudan's *Overall Governance* score has improved over the last decade (2012-2021) and has done so at an accelerated pace over the most recent five years (2017-2021).

Trends	10-year trend (2012-2021)	5-year trend (2017-2021)
Score Change	+5.1	+4.4
Rank Change	+3	+3
Trend Classification	Increasing Improvement	
Trend classifications		
<ul><li>Increasing Improvement</li><li>Slowing Improvement</li><li>Warning Signs</li></ul>	3	

African countries: *Overall Governance* scores (2021) & trend classification (2012-2021)

Score



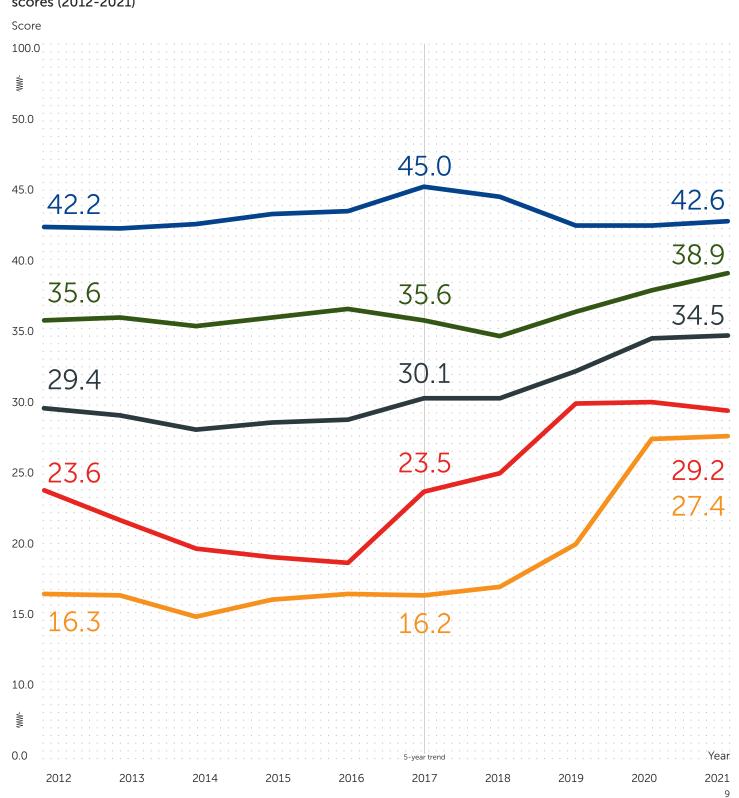
# Category Level: Scores & Trends

Sudan has improved in all four categories since 2012. Sudan has improved the most in *Participation, Rights & Inclusion*, driven by progress in all sub-categories.

#### **IIAG** categories

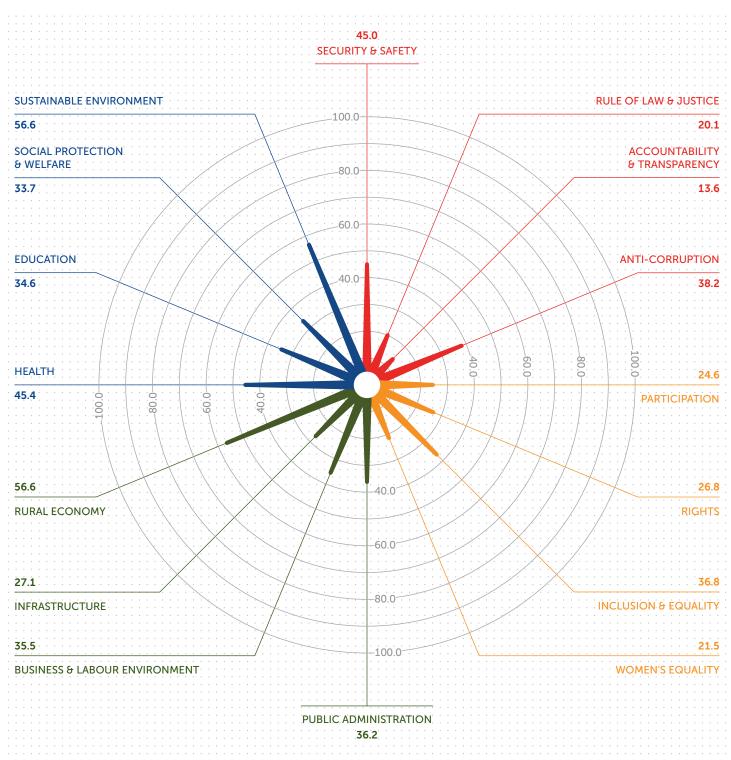
- Overall Governance
- Security & Rule of Law
- Participation, Rights & Inclusion
- Foundations for Economic Opportunity
- Human Development

Sudan: *Overall Governance* and category scores (2012-2021)



# Sub-category Level: Scores & Trends

Sudan: sub-category scores (2021)



# Sub-category Level: Scores & Trends

Sudan has improved in ten out of the 16 sub-categories since 2012. It has improved in all sub-categories of the *Participation, Rights & Inclusion* category. The category to have seen the most sub-categories deteriorate is *Human Development*. Sudan scores above the continental average for one sub-category and is among the bottom ten for six of the 16 sub-categories in 2021.

Best scoring	Score (2021)
Rural Economy	56.6
Sustainable Environment	56.6
Health	45.4

Worst scoring	Score (2021)
Accountability & Transparency	13.6
Rule of Law & Justice	20.1
Women's Equality	21.5

# Overall Governance drivers of change: sub-category trends (2012-2021)

#### Change driven by (2012-2021)

Sub-category	Trend	Score
Anti-Corruption	+18.9	38.2
Inclusion & Equality	+16.9	36.8
Rights	+12.4	26.8
Participation	+11.0	24.6
Rural Economy	+9.3	56.6
Rule of Law & Justice	+8.9	20.1
Infrastructure	+5.4	27.1
Women's Equality	+4.2	21.5
Business & Labour Environment	+3.1	35.5
Sustainable Environment	+2.9	56.6

#### Change opposed by (2012-2021)

Sub-category	Trend	Score
Public Administration	-5.0	36.2
Security & Safety	-3.4	45.0
Accountability & Transparency	-2.0	13.6
Health	-0.7	45.4
Social Protection & Welfare	-0.4	33.7
Education	-0.3	34.6

#### **IIAG** categories

- Security & Rule of Law
- Participation, Rights & Inclusion
- Foundations for Economic Opportunity
- Human Development

# Indicator Level: Scores & Trends

Sudan scores above the continental average for 12 of the 81 indicators. Sudan received the lowest possible score of 0.0 for four indicators. Sudan improved in 50 out of the 81 indicators across the IIAG since 2012 and declined in 23. No change was registered in six indicators.\*

#### **IIAG** categories

- Security & Rule of Law
- Participation, Rights & Inclusion
- Foundations for Economic Opportunity
- Human Development

#### Best scoring & worst scoring indicators (2021)

Best scoring indicators (2021)	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Absence of Corruption in the Public Sector	79.8	3	Anti-Corruption
Rural Market Access	78.7	8	Rural Economy
Air Quality	75.5	18	Sustainable Environment
Control of Communicable Diseases	70.8	35	Health
Sustainable Use of Land & Forests	68.5	15	Sustainable Environment
Absence of Forced Migration	67.7	50	Security & Safety
Secure Employment Opportunities	67.6	15	Business & Labour Environment
Education Completion	66.8	11	Education
Food Security	65.8	22	Social Protection & Welfare
Rural Representation & Participation	63.2	30	Rural Economy
Worst scoring indicators (2021)	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Worst scoring indicators (2021) Accessibility of Public Records	Score (2021) 0.0	Rank (2021) 48	Sub-category Accountability & Transparency
Accessibility of Public Records	0.0	48	Accountability & Transparency
Accessibility of Public Records Equality before the Law	0.0	48 46	Accountability & Transparency Rule of Law & Justice
Accessibility of Public Records Equality before the Law Law Enforcement	0.0 0.0 0.0	48 46 49	Accountability & Transparency Rule of Law & Justice Rule of Law & Justice
Accessibility of Public Records Equality before the Law Law Enforcement Laws on Violence against Women	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	48 46 49 48	Accountability & Transparency Rule of Law & Justice Rule of Law & Justice Women's Equality
Accessibility of Public Records Equality before the Law Law Enforcement Laws on Violence against Women Access to Banking Services	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.5	48 46 49 48 52	Accountability & Transparency Rule of Law & Justice Rule of Law & Justice Women's Equality Business & Labour Environment
Accessibility of Public Records Equality before the Law Law Enforcement Laws on Violence against Women Access to Banking Services Absence of Undue Influence on Government	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.5 3.1	48 46 49 48 52 52	Accountability & Transparency Rule of Law & Justice Rule of Law & Justice Women's Equality Business & Labour Environment Accountability & Transparency
Accessibility of Public Records Equality before the Law Law Enforcement Laws on Violence against Women Access to Banking Services Absence of Undue Influence on Government Internet & Computers	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.5 3.1 6.7	48 46 49 48 52 52 44	Accountability & Transparency Rule of Law & Justice Rule of Law & Justice Women's Equality Business & Labour Environment Accountability & Transparency Infrastructure

#### Most improved & most deteriorated indicators (2012-2021)

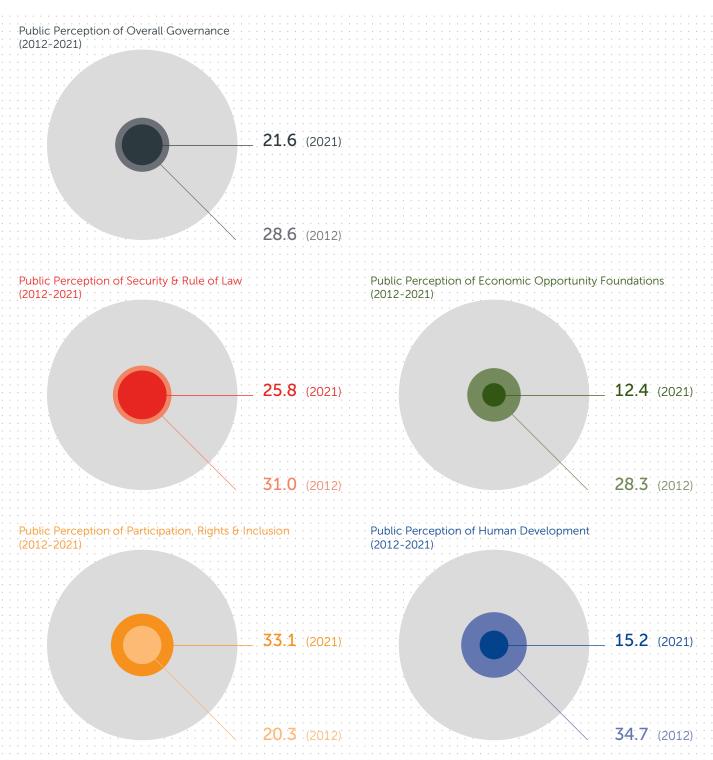
Most improved indicators (2012-2021)	10-year trend	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Absence of Corruption in the Public Sector	+52.7	79.8	3	Anti-Corruption
Equal Civil Liberties	+28.3	51.3	37	Inclusion & Equality
Rural Market Access	+28.3	78.7	8	Rural Economy
Freedom of Association & Assembly	+25.0	25.0	22	Participation
Equal Political Power	+24.3	42.2	30	Inclusion & Equality
Civil Society Space	+22.4	43.3	32	Participation
Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law	+21.0	44.7	29	Rule of Law & Justice
Absence of Corruption in State Institutions	+20.9	57.4	15	Anti-Corruption
Economic Diversification	+19.2	62.6	28	Business & Labour Environment
Impartiality of the Judicial System	+19.0	28.4	42	Rule of Law & Justice
Most deteriorated indicators (2012-2021)	10-year trend	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Most deteriorated indicators (2012-2021) Civil Registration	<b>10-year trend</b> -25.0	Score (2021) 50.0	Rank (2021) 33	Sub-category Public Administration
	•			
Civil Registration	-25.0	50.0	33	Public Administration
Civil Registration Education Quality	-25.0 -17.4	50.0 13.2	33 48	Public Administration Education
Civil Registration Education Quality Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR)	-25.0 -17.4 -15.8	50.0 13.2 56.6	33 48 20	Public Administration Education Health
Civil Registration Education Quality Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR) Absence of Armed Conflict	-25.0 -17.4 -15.8 -15.7	50.0 13.2 56.6 56.1	33 48 20 46	Public Administration Education Health Security & Safety
Civil Registration Education Quality Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR) Absence of Armed Conflict Absence of Violence against Civilians	-25.0 -17.4 -15.8 -15.7 -12.7	50.0 13.2 56.6 56.1 20.3	33 48 20 46 46	Public Administration Education Health Security & Safety Security & Safety
Civil Registration Education Quality Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR) Absence of Armed Conflict Absence of Violence against Civilians Absence of Undue Influence on Government	-25.0 -17.4 -15.8 -15.7 -12.7 -11.9	50.0 13.2 56.6 56.1 20.3 3.1	33 48 20 46 46 52	Public Administration Education Health Security & Safety Security & Safety Accountability & Transparency
Civil Registration Education Quality Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR) Absence of Armed Conflict Absence of Violence against Civilians Absence of Undue Influence on Government Rural Land & Water Access	-25.0 -17.4 -15.8 -15.7 -12.7 -11.9 -9.5	50.0 13.2 56.6 56.1 20.3 3.1 29.8	33 48 20 46 46 52 41	Public Administration Education Health Security & Safety Security & Safety Accountability & Transparency Rural Economy
Civil Registration Education Quality Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR) Absence of Armed Conflict Absence of Violence against Civilians Absence of Undue Influence on Government Rural Land & Water Access Tax & Revenue Mobilisation	-25.0 -17.4 -15.8 -15.7 -12.7 -11.9 -9.5 -9.4	50.0 13.2 56.6 56.1 20.3 3.1 29.8 19.0	33 48 20 46 46 52 41 49	Public Administration Education Health Security & Safety Security & Safety Accountability & Transparency Rural Economy Public Administration

<sup>\*</sup> Sudan does not have data for two indicators.

# Citizens' Voices: Scores & Trends

Citizens' Voices (CV) acts as a parallel index that complements the IIAG results with citizens' perceptions and satisfaction with public services. CV mirrors the IIAG categories and provides public perception data on the closest proxies to the IIAG measures.

In Sudan, citizens' satisfaction with governance has deteriorated since 2012, with declines registered in three sub-sections. The biggest decline was registered in the *Public Perception of Human Development* sub-section, with dissatisfaction growing in all indicators.



## Country Info

Region

### Eastern Africa

Geography

## Coastal

REC Membership(s)

Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA)

Community of Sahel-Saharan States (CEN-SAD)

Intergovernmental Authority on Development (IGAD)

Leadership (2012-2021)

President Omar Al-Bashir (1989-2019)

Chairman of the Transitional Military Council Abdel Fattah al-Burhan (2019-2019)

Chairman of the Sovereignity Council Abdel Fattah al-Burhan (2019-2021)

Chairman of the Transitional Sovereignity Council Abdel Fattah al-Burhan (2021-)

# **Additional Data**

Magazina	Value	I lada
Measure	Value	Unit
Demographic data		
Population	45.7	millions
Urban population	35.6	% of total population
Economic data		
GDP	34.3	current USD (billions)
GDP growth	+0.1	annual %
GDP per capita	764.3	current USD
GDP per capita, PPP	4217.2	current international \$
GNI	32.6	current USD (billions)
GNI growth	-2.8*	annual %
GNI per capita, PPP	4000.0	current international \$
Total Trade	4.1	% of GDP
Unemployment rate (15+)	19.8	% of working-age population
Youth Unemployment Rate (15-24)	35.6	% of working age population
Financial data		
Central Government Debt	272.9*	% of GDP
ODA	2347.7*	current USD (millions)
ODA	9.2*	% of GNI
FDI	2.7*	% of GDP

<sup>\*</sup> If 2021 data unavailable, latest available data is displayed.

# 2022 IIAG Scorecard

#### **OVERALL GOVERNANCE**

2021 SCORE/100	2021 RANK/54	TREND 2012-2021	
34.5	<b>47</b> <sup>th</sup>	+5.1	

SECURITY & RULE OF LAW	SCORE/100 2021	RANK/54 2021	4 TREND 2012-2021
SECURITY & RULE OF LAW	29.2	50	+5.6
SECURITY & SAFETY	45.0	49	-3.4
Absence of Armed Conflict	56.1	46	-15.7
Absence of Violence against Civilians	20.3	46	-12.7
Absence of Forced Migration	67.7	50	+2.5
Absence of Human Trafficking & Forced Labour	22.6	51	+8.3
Absence of Crime	58.3	42	+0.7
RULE OF LAW & JUSTICE	20.1	50	+8.9
Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law	44.7	29	+21.0
Impartiality of the Judicial System	28.4	42	+19.0
Judicial Processes	25.4	48	+10.6
Equality before the Law	0.0	46	+0.0
Law Enforcement	0.0	49	+0.0
Property Rights	22.1	51	+2.8
ACCOUNTABILITY & TRANSPARENCY	13.6	51	-2.0
Institutional Checks & Balances	20.5	47	-1.2
Absence of Undue Influence on Government	3.1	52	-11.9
Civic Checks & Balances	35.8	42	+6.8
Disclosure of Public Records	8.7	51	+5.0
Accessibility of Public Records	0.0	48	-8.3
ANTI-CORRUPTION	38.2	28	+18.9
Anti-Corruption Mechanisms	21.4	36	+8.3
Absence of Corruption in State Institutions	57.4	15	+20.9
Absence of Corruption in the Public Sector	79.8	3	+52.7
Public Procurement Procedures	12.5	44	+12.5
Absence of Corruption in the Private Sector	20.0	45	+0.0

PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION	SCORE/100 2021	2021	TREND 2012-2021
PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION	27.4	48	+11.1
PARTICIPATION	24.6	38	+11.0
Freedom of Association & Assembly	25.0	22	+25.0
Political Pluralism	22.4	46	+3.7
Civil Society Space	43.3	32	+22.4
Democratic Elections	7.8	51	-7.0
RIGHTS	26.8	45	+12.4
Personal Liberties	16.3	49	+14.2
Freedom of Expression & Belief	39.6	42	+14.9
Media Freedom	45.0	38	+16.4
Digital Rights	24.6	47	+8.2
Protection against Discrimination	8.3	28	+8.3
INCLUSION & EQUALITY	36.8	39	+16.9
Equal Political Power	42.2	30	+24.3
Equal Political Representation	29.5	40	+2.6
Equal Civil Liberties	51.3	37	+28.3
Equal Socioeconomic Opportunity	39.1	36	+15.9
Equal Access to Public Services	22.0	42	+13.3
WOMEN'S EQUALITY	21.5	52	+4.2
Political Power & Representation of Women	22.0	54	+5.5
Equal Rights & Civil Liberties for Women	48.9	47	+11.1
Socioeconomic Opportunity for Women	22.1	52	+5.7
Equal Access to Public Services for Women	14.3	49	-1.4
Laws on Violence against Women	0.0	48	+0.0

#### TREND CLASSIFICATION KEY

Increasing Improvement	Bouncing Back	No Change
Slowing Improvement	Slowing Deterioration	Not Classified
Warning Signs	Increasing Deterioration	

FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY	SCORE/100 2021	RANK/54 2021	TREND 2012-2021
FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY	38.9	43	+3.3
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	36.2	44	-5.0
Civil Registration	50.0	33	-25.0
Capacity of the Statistical System	44.3	31	+15.1
Tax & Revenue Mobilisation	19.0	49	-9.4
Budgetary & Financial Management	42.0	33	-3.0
Effective Administration	25.7	48	-2.7
BUSINESS & LABOUR ENVIRONMENT	35.5	42	+3.1
Regional Integration	21.2	43	-0.6
Economic Diversification	62.6	28	+19.2
Business & Competition Regulations	34.4	47	+1.1
Access to Banking Services	2.5	52	+0.6
Labour Relations	25.0	44	+0.0
Secure Employment Opportunities	67.6	15	-1.3
INFRASTRUCTURE	27.1	39	+5.4
Transport Network	7.8	47	+6.8
Access to Energy	54.3	13	+15.0
Mobile Communications	47.1	44	+4.9
Internet & Computers	6.7	44	+4.7
Shipping & Postal Network	19.5	29	-4.6
RURAL ECONOMY	56.6	31	+9.3
Rural Land & Water Access	29.8	41	-9.5
Rural Market Access	78.7	8	+28.3
Rural Economy Support	54.7	30	+2.9
Rural Representation & Participation	63.2	30	+15.6

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT	SCORE/100 2021	RANK/54 2021	TREND 2012-202
HUMAN DEVELOPMENT	42.6	42	+0.4
HEALTH	45.4	47	-0.7
Access to Healthcare	17.4	48	+3.2
Access to Water & Sanitation	33.3	42	+1.0
Control of Communicable Diseases	70.8	35	+4.0
Control of Non-Communicable Diseases	42.1	51	-3.7
Child & Maternal Health	52.0	37	+6.6
Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR	8) 56.6	20	-15.8
EDUCATION	34.6	44	-0.3
Equality in Education	30.1	46	+4.4
Education Enrolment	28.3	33	+5.6
Education Completion	66.8	11	+6.1
Human Resources in Education			-
Education Quality	13.2	48	-17.4
SOCIAL PROTECTION & WELFARE	33.7	40	-0.4
Social Safety Nets	12.5	49	+8.3
Poverty Reduction Policies	27.7	47	-0.6
Socioeconomic Inequality Mitigation	37.8	36	-0.8
Decent Housing	24.5	41	-7.1
Food Security	65.8	22	-2.0
SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENT	56.6	22	+2.9
Promotion of Environmental Sustainability	22.6	50	+0.0
Enforcement of Environmental Policies			-
Air Quality	75.5	18	+11.9
Sustainable Use of Land & Forests	68.5	15	+1.0
Land & Water Biodiversity Protection	59.8	14	-1.3

### Sources

#### **SECURITY & RULE OF LAW**

#### SECURITY & RULE OF LAW

#### **SECURITY & SAFETY**

Absence of Armed Conflict (ACLED/UCDP)

Absence of Violence against Civilians (ACLED/PTS)

Absence of Forced Migration (IDMC/UNHCR)

Absence of Human Trafficking & Forced Labour (ENACT/V-DEM)

Absence of Crime (ENACT/WHO)

#### **RULE OF LAW & JUSTICE**

Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law (V-DEM/WJP)

Impartiality of the Judicial System (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Judicial Processes (V-DEM/WJP)

Equality before the Law (FH/WJP)

Law Enforcement (AFIDEP&GI/WEF/WJP)

Property Rights (BS/V-DEM/WJP)

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY & TRANSPARENCY**

Institutional Checks & Balances (BS/V-DEM/WJP)

Absence of Undue Influence on Government (BS/FH/V-DEM)

Civic Checks & Balances (BS/V-DEM/WJP)

Disclosure of Public Records (AFIDEP&GI/IBP/WJP)

Accessibility of Public Records (AFIDEP&GI/WJP)

#### **ANTI-CORRUPTION**

Anti-Corruption Mechanisms (AFIDEP&GI/BS)

Absence of Corruption in State Institutions (V-DEM/WJP)

Absence of Corruption in the Public Sector (V-DEM/WEF/WJP)

Public Procurement Procedures (AFIDEP&GI/WJP)

Absence of Corruption in the Private Sector (WB/WEF)

#### PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION

## PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION PARTICIPATION

Freedom of Association & Assembly (AFIDEP&GI/FH)

Political Pluralism (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Civil Society Space (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Democratic Elections (AFIDEP&GI/CDD-Ghana/V-DEM)

#### RIGHTS

Personal Liberties (FH/V-DEM/WJP)

Freedom of Expression & Belief (FH/V-DEM/WJP)

Media Freedom (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM/RSF)

Digital Rights (AFIDEP&GI/DSP&V-DEM/V-DEM)

 $Protection\ against\ Discrimination\ (AFIDEP\&GI)$ 

#### INCLUSION & EQUALITY

Equal Political Power (V-DEM)

Equal Political Representation (FH/IPU/V-DEM)

Equal Civil Liberties (V-DEM)

Equal Socioeconomic Opportunity (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Equal Access to Public Services (V-DEM)

#### WOMEN'S EQUALITY

Political Power & Representation of Women (AFIDEP&GI/IPU/V-DEM)

Equal Rights & Civil Liberties for Women (V-DEM/WB)

Socioeconomic Opportunity for Women (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)

Equal Access to Public Services for Women (V-DEM)

Laws on Violence against Women (WB)

## FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

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PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Civil Registration (AFIDEP&GI)

Capacity of the Statistical System (AFIDEP&GI/ODW/V-DEM/WB)

Tax & Revenue Mobilisation (AfDB/UNU-WIDER/WB)

Budgetary & Financial Management (AfDB/WB)

Effective Administration (AfDB/AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM/WB)

**BUSINESS & LABOUR ENVIRONMENT** 

Regional Integration (AfDB/AfDB&AUC/UNCTAD)

Economic Diversification (OEC/UNCTAD)

Business & Competition Regulations (AfDB/BS/WB)

Access to Banking Services (GSMA/IMF)

Labour Relations (AFIDEP&GI/WEF)

Secure Employment Opportunities (ILO/WB)

INFRASTRUCTURE

Transport Network (AfDB/WEF)

Access to Energy (WB/WHO)

Mobile Communications (ITU)

Internet & Computers (ITU/WB)

Shipping & Postal Network (UNCTAD/UPU)

**RURAL ECONOMY** 

Rural Land & Water Access (IFAD)

Rural Market Access (IFAD)

Rural Economy Support (IFAD)

Rural Representation & Participation (IFAD)

#### **HUMAN DEVELOPMENT**

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#### HEALTH

Access to Healthcare (V-DEM/WHO)

Access to Water & Sanitation (WHO&UNICEF)

Control of Communicable Diseases (UNAIDS/WHO)

Control of Non-Communicable Diseases (IHME)

Child & Maternal Health (IGME/MMEIG/UNDESA/UNICEF&WHO&WB)

Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR) (WHO)

#### **EDUCATION**

Equality in Education (V-DEM/UNESCO)

Education Enrolment (UNESCO)

Education Completion (UNESCO)

Human Resources in Education (UNESCO)

Education Quality (BS/WB/WEF)

#### SOCIAL PROTECTION & WELFARE

Social Safety Nets (AFIDEP&GI/BS)

Poverty Reduction Policies (AfDB/BS/WB)

Socioeconomic Inequality Mitigation (AfDB/FFP/WB/WID.World)

Decent Housing (CAHF/UN-Habitat&UNDESA)

Food Security (FAO)

#### SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENT

Promotion of Environmental Sustainability (AfDB/BS/WB)

Enforcement of Environmental Policies (WEF/WJP)

Air Quality (HEI&IHME)

Sustainable Use of Land & Forests (FAO/WB/WRI)

Land & Water Biodiversity Protection (ENACT/WB/Yale & Columbia)

# Acronyms

ACLED	Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project	UNAIDS	Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS
AfDB	African Development Bank	UNCTAD	United Nations Conference on Trade
AFIDEP	African Institute for Development Policy		and Development
AUC	African Union Commission	UNDESA	United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs
BS	Bertelsmann Stiftung	UNESCO	United Nations Educational, Scientific and
CAHF	Centre for Affordable Housing Finance in Africa		Cultural Organization
CDD-Ghana	Ghana Center for Democratic Development	UN-Habitat	United Nations Human Settlements Programme
Columbia	Center for International Earth Science Information	UNHCR	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
Network Earth Institute, Columbia University		UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund
DSP	Digital Society Project	UNU-WIDER	United Nations University - World Institute
ENACT	ENACT Africa		for Development Economics Research
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization	UPU	Universal Postal Union
	of the United Nations	V-DEM	Varieties of Democracy Institute
FFP	Fund for Peace	WB	World Bank
FH	Freedom House	WEF	World Economic Forum
Gl	Global Integrity	WHO	World Health Organization
GSMA	Global System for Mobile Communications		, and the second
HEI	Health Effects Institute	WID.World	World Inequality Database
IBP	International Budget Partnership	WJP	World Justice Project
		WRI	World Resources Institute
IDMC	Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre	Yale	Yale Center for Environmental Law & Policy
IFAD	International Fund for Agricultural Development		
IHME	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation		
ILO	International Labour Organization		

UN MMEIG

IMF

IPU

ITU

ODW

OEC

PTS

RSF

UCDP

**UN IGME** 

International Monetary Fund

International Telecommunication Union

Observatory for Economic Complexity

Uppsala Conflict Data Program

Reporters sans frontières (Reporters Without Borders)

United Nations Inter-agency Group for Child

United Nations Maternal Mortality Estimation

Inter-Parliamentary Union

Open Data Watch

Political Terror Scale

Mortality Estimation

Inter-agency Group



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