

PROFILE:

MO IBRAHIM FOUNDATION
— 2022 IIAG

Senegal

2012-2021
GOVERNANCE RESULTS



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2022 IIAG Framework

Published since 2007, the Ibrahim Index of African Governance (IIAG) assesses governance performance in 54 African countries over the latest available 10-year period. The Mo Ibrahim Foundation defines governance as the provision of the political, social, economic and environmental public goods that every citizen has the right to expect from their state, and that a state has the responsibility to deliver to its citizens.

The 2022 IIAG covers ten years from 2012 to 2021. The data for the IIAG come from 47 sources, from which 265 variables, clustered into 81 indicators, are collected. All but four IIAG indicators are formed of more than one variable to provide a governance assessment supported by multiple proxy measurements.

The IIAG indicators are organised under 16 sub-categories and four categories - *Security & Rule of Law; Participation, Rights & Inclusion; Foundations for Economic Opportunity; Human Development* - that make up the *Overall Governance* score.

Including all the data from source as well as the composite scores calculated expressly for the IIAG, there are a total of 413 different measures of governance for any given country or group in any given data year across the ten years covered. These are made up of indicators that measure specific issues, such as *Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law*, which sits within the broader sub-category measure *Rule of Law & Justice*, which in turn is one part of the overarching category *Security & Rule of Law*. In total there are more than 220,000 data points in the 2022 IIAG dataset.

As citizens are the end recipients of public leadership and governance, measuring governance performance cannot rely on official and expert assessment data alone. For this reason, the IIAG is accompanied by a complementary dataset focused on Citizens' Voices to provide an assessment of Africa's citizens' perceptions of governance performance, composed of 36 public perception variables sourced from Afrobarometer.

2022 Ibrahim Index of African Governance (IIAG)



OVERALL GOVERNANCE



SECURITY & RULE OF LAW

Security & Safety

- Absence of Armed Conflict
- Absence of Violence against Civilians
- Absence of Forced Migration
- Absence of Human Trafficking & Forced Labour
- Absence of Crime

Rule of Law & Justice

- Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law
- Impartiality of the Judicial System
- Judicial Processes
- Equality before the Law
- Law Enforcement
- Property Rights

Accountability & Transparency

- Institutional Checks & Balances
- Absence of Undue Influence on Government
- Civic Checks & Balances
- Disclosure of Public Records
- Accessibility of Public Records

Anti-Corruption

- Anti-Corruption Mechanisms
- Absence of Corruption in State Institutions
- Absence of Corruption in the Public Sector
- Public Procurement Procedures
- Absence of Corruption in the Private Sector



PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION

Participation

- Freedom of Association & Assembly
- Political Pluralism
- Civil Society Space
- Democratic Elections

Rights

- Personal Liberties
- Freedom of Expression & Belief
- Media Freedom
- Digital Rights
- Protection against Discrimination

Inclusion & Equality

- Equal Political Power
- Equal Political Representation
- Equal Civil Liberties
- Equal Socioeconomic Opportunity
- Equal Access to Public Services

Women's Equality

- Political Power & Representation of Women
- Equal Rights & Civil Liberties for Women
- Socioeconomic Opportunity for Women
- Equal Access to Public Services for Women
- Laws on Violence against Women

Citizens' Voices (CV)



PUBLIC PERCEPTION OF OVERALL GOVERNANCE

Public Perception of Security & Rule of Law

- Public Perception of Security & Safety
- Public Perception of the Rule of Law
- Public Perception of Accountability
- Public Perception of Anti-Corruption

Public Perception of Participation, Rights & Inclusion

- Public Perception of Elections & Freedom
- Public Perception of Inclusion & Equality
- Public Perception of Female Leadership



FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

Public Administration

- Civil Registration
- Capacity of the Statistical System
- Tax & Revenue Mobilisation
- Budgetary & Financial Management
- Effective Administration

Business & Labour Environment

- Regional Integration
- Economic Diversification
- Business & Competition Regulations
- Access to Banking Services
- Labour Relations
- Secure Employment Opportunities

Infrastructure

- Transport Network
- Access to Energy
- Mobile Communications
- Internet & Computers
- Shipping & Postal Network

Rural Economy

- Rural Land & Water Access
- Rural Market Access
- Rural Economy Support
- Rural Representation & Participation



HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Health

- Access to Healthcare
- Access to Water & Sanitation
- Control of Communicable Diseases
- Control of Non-Communicable Diseases
- Child & Maternal Health
- Compliance with International Health Regulations

Education

- Equality in Education
- Education Enrolment
- Education Completion
- Human Resources in Education
- Education Quality

Social Protection & Welfare

- Social Safety Nets
- Poverty Reduction Policies
- Socioeconomic Inequality Mitigation
- Decent Housing
- Food Security

Sustainable Environment

- Promotion of Environmental Sustainability
- Enforcement of Environmental Policies
- Air Quality
- Sustainable Use of Land & Forests
- Land & Water Biodiversity Protection

Public Perception of Economic Opportunity Foundations

- Public Perception of Public Administration
- Satisfaction with Economic Opportunities
- Satisfaction with Infrastructure

Public Perception of Human Development

- Satisfaction with Health Provision
- Satisfaction with Education Provision
- Lived Poverty & Public Perception of Social Protection

Reading the Results

Scores and ranks

The IIAG scores quantify a country's performance for each governance measure each data year, expressed out of 100.0 (with 100.0 being always the best score). Rounded to one decimal point, scores are relative to each country's performance in relation to the other 54 African countries.

Ranks are calculated based on the respective scores and are expressed out of 54. When two or more countries have the same score, they share the same place in the ranking table (tied ranks).

10-year trends

The IIAG 10-year trends offer an additional layer of analysis to scores and ranks, as they quantify change in absolute score between the last and the first data years of the time series. The 2022 IIAG 10-year trends compare a country's performance for each governance measure in 2021 compared to 2012, offering an assessment of the change.

Trend classifications

Trend classifications are a third layer of analysis, complementing scores, ranks and 10-year trends. The IIAG trend classifications serve to assess the mid-period trend (2017-2021 in the 2022 IIAG) in relation to the 10-year trend (2012-2021). The comparison of mid-period and full period trends help identify early signs of the direction and pace of country trajectories - 'trends within trends'.

Trend Classification	Characteristic
Increasing Improvement	Score is better in 2021 compared to 2012, with the rate of improvement increasing since 2017
Slowing Improvement	Score is better in 2021 compared to 2012, but the rate of improvement is slowing since 2017
Warning Signs	Score is better/no change in 2021 compared to 2012, but showing decline since 2017
Bouncing Back	Score is worse/no change in 2021 compared to 2012, but showing progress since 2017
Slowing Deterioration	Score is worse in 2021 compared to 2012, but the rate of deterioration is slowing since 2017
Increasing Deterioration	Score is worse in 2021 compared to 2012, with the rate of deterioration increasing since 2017

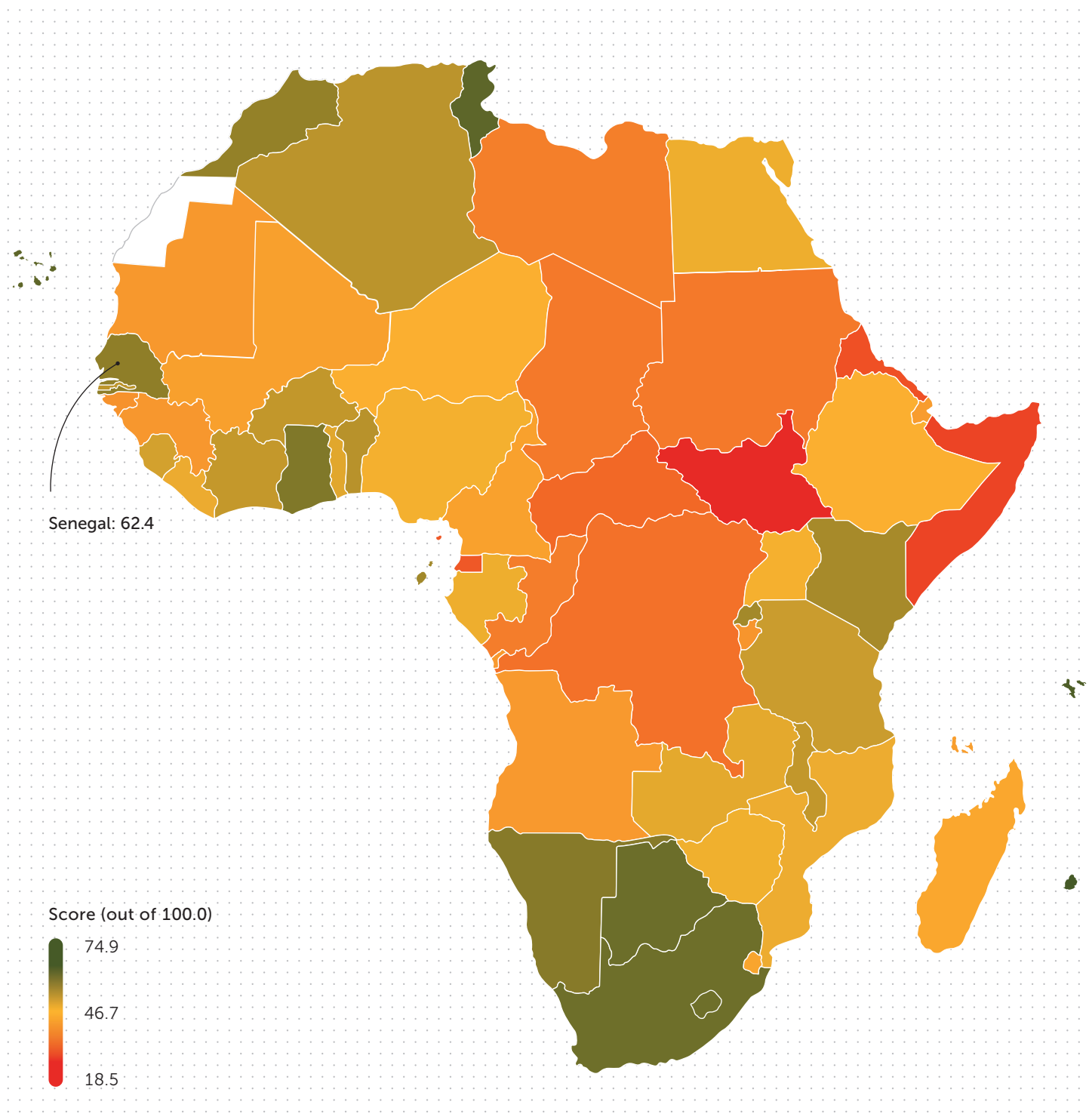
Overall Governance: Scores, Ranks & Trends

With a score of 62.4 (out of 100.0), Senegal ranks 9th (out of 54) in *Overall Governance* in 2021.

Score (2021) 62.4

Rank (2021) 9th

African countries: *Overall Governance* scores (2021)



Overall Governance: Scores, Ranks & Trends

Senegal's *Overall Governance* score has improved over the last decade (2012-2021). However, the pace of improvement has slowed down over the most recent five years (2017-2021).

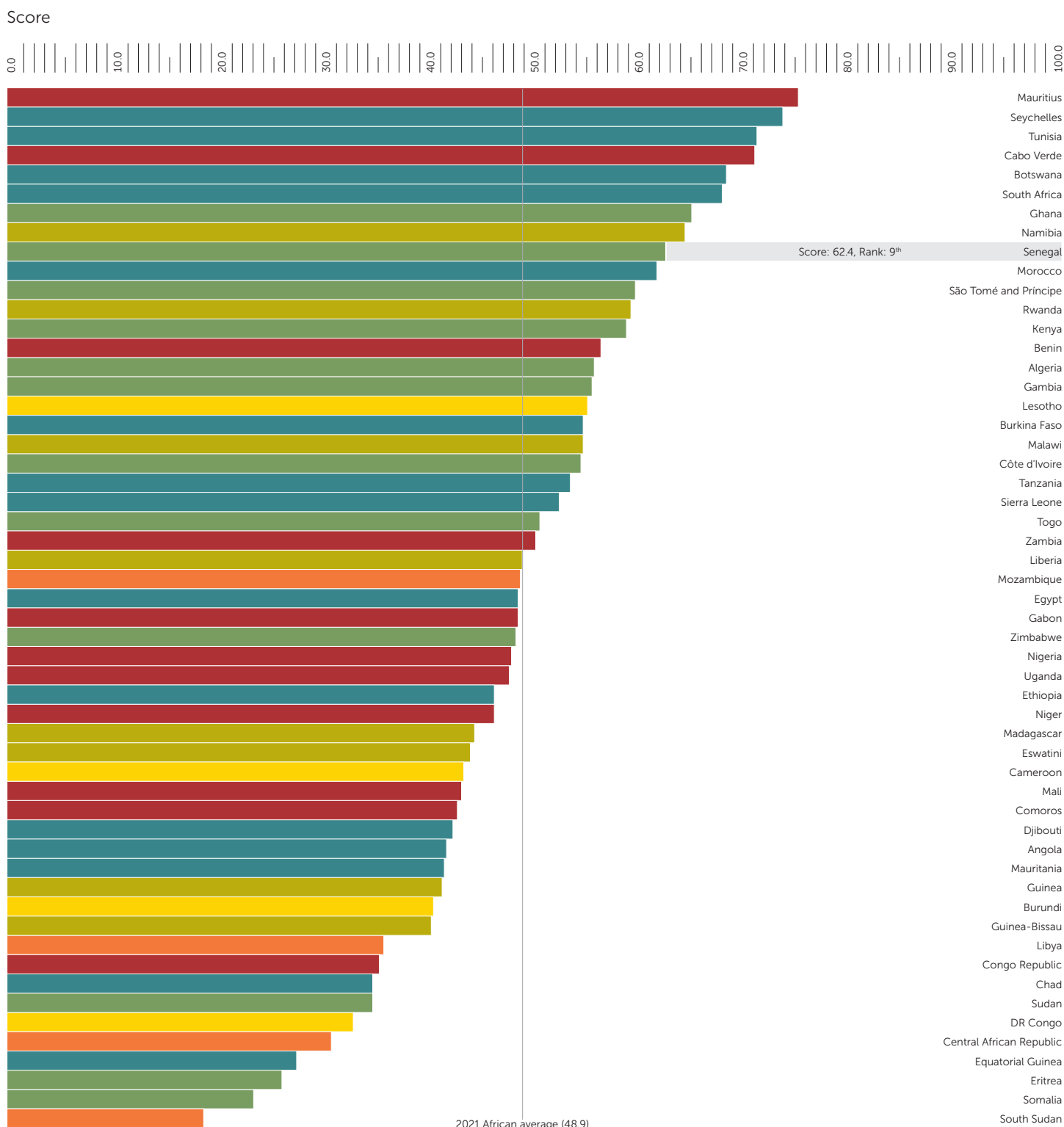
Trends	10-year trend (2012-2021)	5-year trend (2017-2021)
Score Change	+1.5	+0.2
Rank Change	No Change	No Change

Trend Classification Slowing Improvement █

Trend classifications

- █ Increasing Improvement
- █ Slowing Improvement
- █ Warning Signs
- █ Bouncing Back
- █ Slowing Deterioration
- █ Increasing Deterioration

African countries: *Overall Governance* scores (2021) & trend classification (2012-2021)



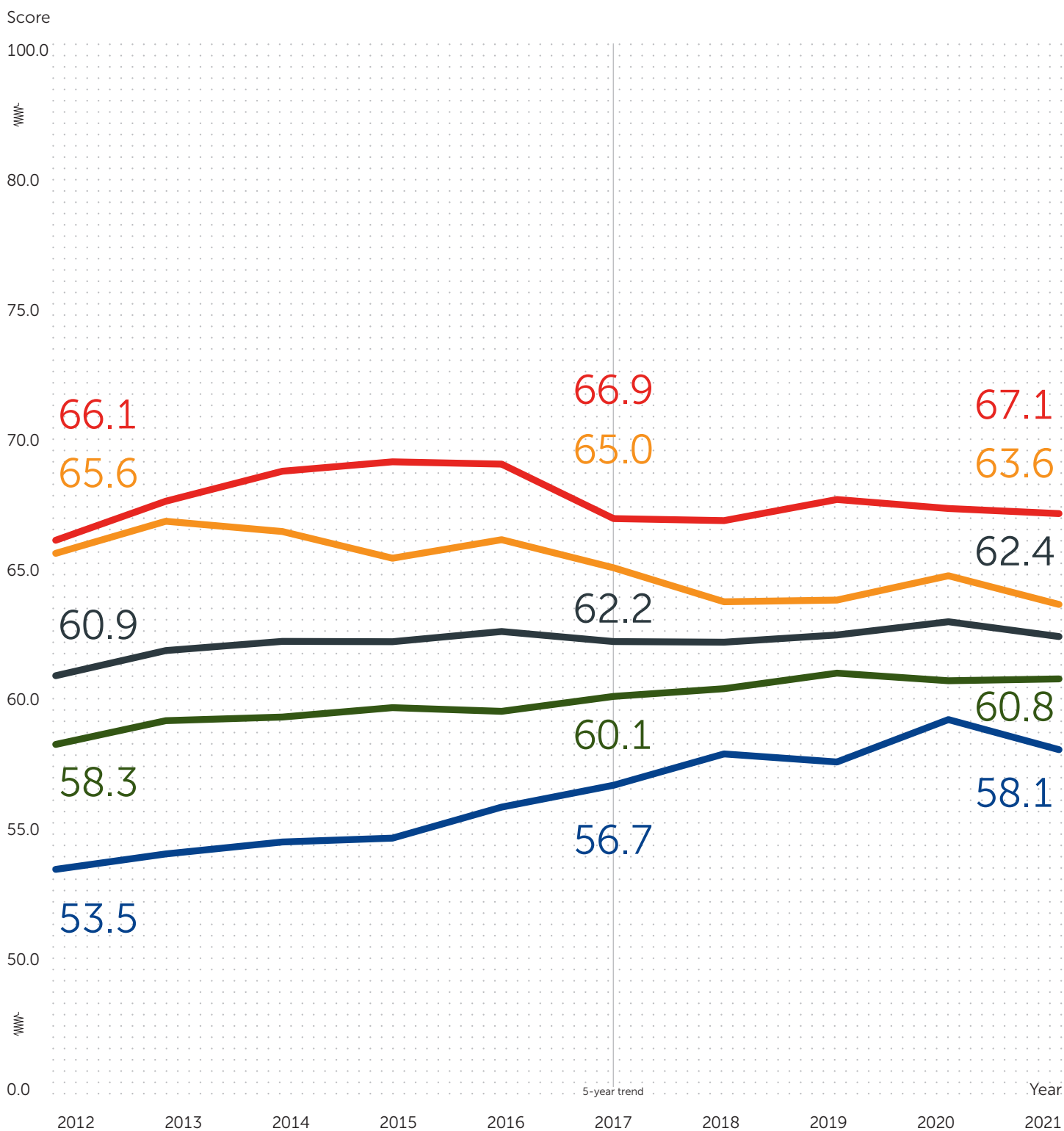
Category Level: Scores & Trends

Senegal has improved in three out of four categories since 2012, namely *Security & Rule of Law*, *Foundations for Economic Opportunity* and *Human Development*. However, Senegal has deteriorated in *Participation, Rights & Inclusion*, driven by decline in the sub-categories *Participation* and *Inclusion & Equality* and *Women's Equality*.

IIAG categories

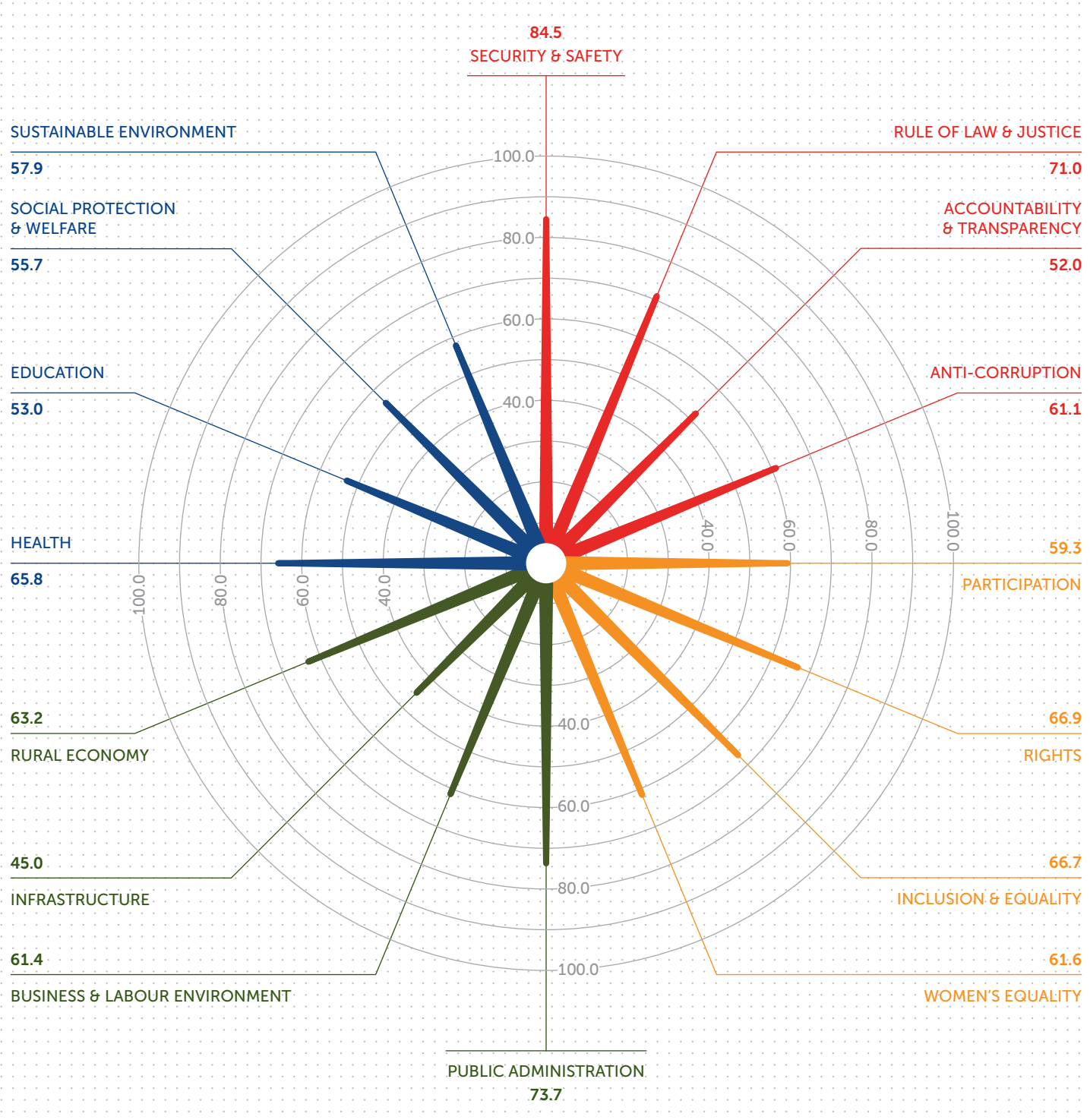
- Overall Governance
- Security & Rule of Law
- Participation, Rights & Inclusion
- Foundations for Economic Opportunity
- Human Development

Senegal: Overall Governance and category scores (2012-2021)



Sub-category Level: Scores & Trends




Senegal: sub-category scores (2021)



Sub-category Level: Scores & Trends



Senegal has improved in nine out of the 16 sub-categories since 2012. It has improved in all sub-categories of the *Human Development* category. The category to have seen the most sub-categories deteriorate is *Participation, Rights & Inclusion*. Furthermore, Senegal performs above the continental average for all sub-categories and is among the top ten for seven of the 16 sub-categories in 2021.

Best scoring	Score (2021)	
Security & Safety	84.5	
Public Administration	73.7	
Rule of Law & Justice	71.0	

Worst scoring	Score (2021)	
Infrastructure	45.0	
Accountability & Transparency	52.0	
Education	53.0	

Overall Governance drivers of change: sub-category trends (2012-2021)

Change driven by (2012-2021)

Sub-category	Trend	Score	
Health	+9.1	65.8	
Infrastructure	+8.7	45.0	
Business & Labour Environment	+6.0	61.4	
Social Protection & Welfare	+5.1	55.7	
Anti-Corruption	+4.8	61.1	
Rule of Law & Justice	+3.5	71.0	
Education	+3.2	53.0	
Rights	+1.4	66.9	
Sustainable Environment	+0.8	57.9	

Change opposed by (2012-2021)

Sub-category	Trend	Score	
Participation	-5.4	59.3	
Rural Economy	-4.4	63.2	
Accountability & Transparency	-4.2	52.0	
Inclusion & Equality	-3.5	66.7	
Women's Equality	-0.6	61.6	
Public Administration	-0.4	73.7	
Security & Safety	0.0	84.5	

IIAG categories

-  Security & Rule of Law
-  Participation, Rights & Inclusion
-  Foundations for Economic Opportunity
-  Human Development

Indicator Level: Scores & Trends

Senegal scores above the continental average for 70 of the 81 indicators. Senegal improved in 47 out of the 81 indicators across the IIAG since 2012 and declined in 31. No change was registered in three indicators.

IIAG categories

- Security & Rule of Law
- Participation, Rights & Inclusion
- Foundations for Economic Opportunity
- Human Development

Best scoring & worst scoring indicators (2021)

Best scoring indicators (2021)

	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Absence of Forced Migration	99.2	24	Security & Safety
Absence of Armed Conflict	98.4	29	Security & Safety
Human Resources in Education	91.7	10	Education
Freedom of Expression & Belief	90.8	6	Rights
Civil Society Space	88.3	7	Participation
Absence of Violence against Civilians	86.2	25	Security & Safety
Tax & Revenue Mobilisation	84.7	2	Public Administration
Mobile Communications	84.2	4	Infrastructure
Control of Communicable Diseases	83.4	16	Health
Rural Market Access	81.8	6	Rural Economy

Worst scoring indicators (2021)

	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Internet & Computers	10.4	33	Infrastructure
Protection against Discrimination	16.7	19	Rights
Education Enrolment	23.5	38	Education
Disclosure of Public Records	31.9	24	Accountability & Transparency
Social Safety Nets	33.9	22	Social Protection & Welfare
Access to Banking Services	36.6	14	Business & Labour Environment
Education Completion	36.7	35	Education
Freedom of Association & Assembly	37.5	16	Participation
Shipping & Postal Network	41.5	11	Infrastructure
Education Quality*	42.3	29	Education

* One other indicator shares this score, namely *Transport Network*.

Most improved & most deteriorated indicators (2012-2021)

Most improved indicators (2012-2021)

	10-year trend	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Mobile Communications	+31.2	84.2	4	Infrastructure
Anti-Corruption Mechanisms	+25.0	60.7	5	Anti-Corruption
Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR)	+22.3	68.4	12	Health
Regional Integration	+15.9	67.4	3	Business & Labour Environment
Decent Housing	+14.7	56.5	10	Social Protection & Welfare
Disclosure of Public Records	+13.2	31.9	24	Accountability & Transparency
Control of Communicable Diseases	+12.7	83.4	16	Health
Absence of Corruption in the Public Sector	+11.2	71.7	8	Anti-Corruption
Child & Maternal Health	+10.8	67.7	19	Health
Labour Relations	+10.8	70.0	8	Business & Labour Environment

Most deteriorated indicators (2012-2021)

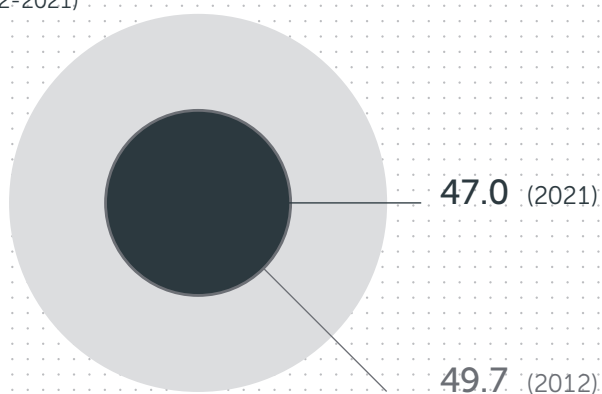
	10-year trend	Score (2021)	Rank (2021)	Sub-category
Freedom of Association & Assembly	-25.0	37.5	16	Participation
Rural Representation & Participation	-17.2	54.3	36	Rural Economy
Civic Checks & Balances	-15.0	53.7	26	Accountability & Transparency
Institutional Checks & Balances	-14.8	57.4	15	Accountability & Transparency
Rural Market Access	-14.5	81.8	6	Rural Economy
Civil Registration	-12.5	75.0	7	Public Administration
Media Freedom	-11.1	76.4	6	Rights
Tax & Revenue Mobilisation	-9.7	84.7	2	Public Administration
Promotion of Environmental Sustainability	-7.2	58.7	17	Sustainable Environment
Absence of Corruption in State Institutions	-7.1	63.9	10	Anti-Corruption

Citizens' Voices: Scores & Trends

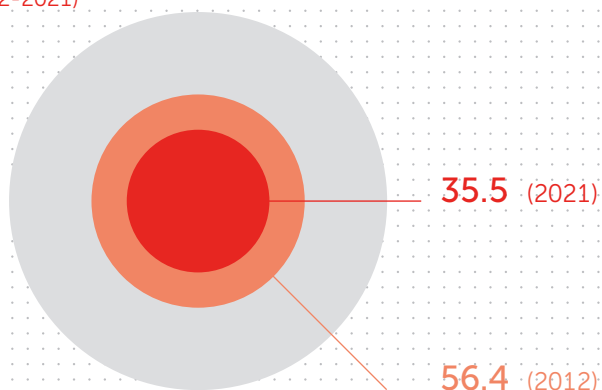
Citizens' Voices (CV) acts as a parallel index that complements the IAG results with citizens' perceptions and satisfaction with public services. CV mirrors the IAG categories and provides public perception data on the closest proxies to the IAG measures.

In Senegal, citizens' satisfaction with governance has deteriorated since 2012, with declines registered in one sub-section. This decline was driven by the *Public Perception of Security & Rule of Law* sub-section, with dissatisfaction growing in all indicators.

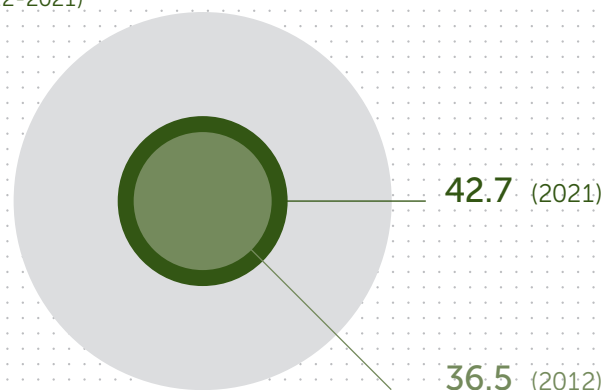
Public Perception of Overall Governance
(2012-2021)



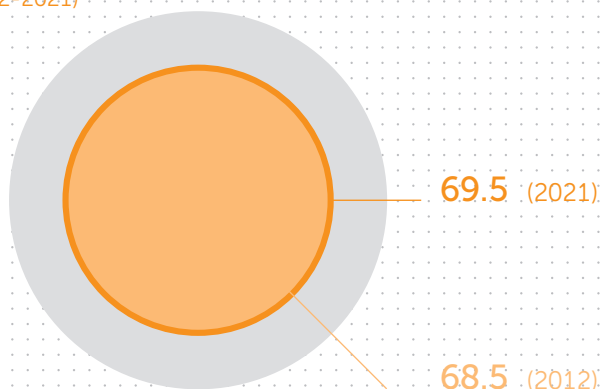
Public Perception of Security & Rule of Law
(2012-2021)



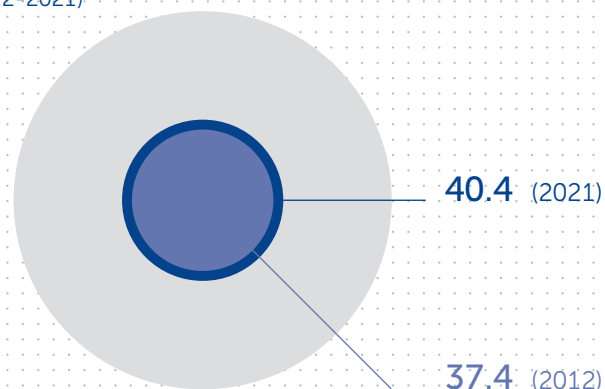
Public Perception of Economic Opportunity Foundations
(2012-2021)



Public Perception of Participation, Rights & Inclusion
(2012-2021)



Public Perception of Human Development
(2012-2021)



Country Info

Region

Western Africa

Geography

Coastal

REC Membership(s)

Community of Sahel-Saharan States (CEN-SAD)

Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS)

Leadership (2012-2021)

President Abdoulaye Wade (2000-2012)

President Macky Sall (2012-)

Additional Data

Measure	Value	Unit
Demographic data		
Population	16.9	millions
Urban population	48.6	% of total population
Economic data		
GDP	27.6	current USD (billions)
GDP growth	+6.1	annual %
GDP per capita	1606.5	current USD
GDP per capita, PPP	3768.7	current international \$
GNI	27.0	current USD (billions)
GNI growth	+6.4	annual %
GNI per capita, PPP	3690.0	current international \$
Total Trade	63.3	% of GDP
Unemployment rate (15+)	3.7	% of working-age population
Youth Unemployment Rate (15-24)	5.0	% of working age population
Financial data		
Central Government Debt	68.7*	% of GDP
ODA	1611.0*	current USD (millions)
ODA	6.7*	% of GNI
FDI	6.0*	% of GDP

* If 2021 data unavailable, latest available data is displayed.

2022 IIAG Scorecard

OVERALL GOVERNANCE

2021 SCORE/100	2021 RANK/54	TREND 2012-2021
62.4	9 th	+1.5

TREND CLASSIFICATION KEY

■ Increasing Improvement	■ Bouncing Back	■ No Change
■ Slowing Improvement	■ Slowing Deterioration	■ Not Classified
■ Warning Signs	■ Increasing Deterioration	

SECURITY & RULE OF LAW

	SCORE/100 2021	RANK/54 2021	TREND 2012-2021
SECURITY & RULE OF LAW	67.1	8	+1.0
SECURITY & SAFETY	84.5	18	+0.0
Absence of Armed Conflict	98.4	29	+0.1
Absence of Violence against Civilians	86.2	25	-0.2
Absence of Forced Migration	99.2	24	+0.8
Absence of Human Trafficking & Forced Labour	67.2	23	+1.3
Absence of Crime	71.7	13	-1.6
RULE OF LAW & JUSTICE	71.0	5	+3.5
Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law	71.6	2	+4.2
Impartiality of the Judicial System	64.4	17	+9.9
Judicial Processes	68.2	8	+7.4
Equality before the Law	69.1	7	+2.7
Law Enforcement	78.1	2	+3.0
Property Rights	74.3	11	-6.5
ACCOUNTABILITY & TRANSPARENCY	52.0	13	-4.2
Institutional Checks & Balances	57.4	15	-14.8
Absence of Undue Influence on Government	72.4	11	-6.0
Civic Checks & Balances	53.7	26	-15.0
Disclosure of Public Records	31.9	24	+13.2
Accessibility of Public Records	44.8	9	+1.9
ANTI-CORRUPTION	61.1	5	+4.8
Anti-Corruption Mechanisms	60.7	5	+25.0
Absence of Corruption in State Institutions	63.9	10	-7.1
Absence of Corruption in the Public Sector	71.7	8	+11.2
Public Procurement Procedures	58.3	7	-2.2
Absence of Corruption in the Private Sector	50.7	12	-3.2

FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

	SCORE/100 2021	RANK/54 2021	TREND 2012-2021
FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY	60.8	11	+2.5
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	73.7	3	-0.4
Civil Registration	75.0	7	-12.5
Capacity of the Statistical System	57.4	16	+7.9
Tax & Revenue Mobilisation	84.7	2	-9.7
Budgetary & Financial Management	79.8	6	+7.3
Effective Administration	71.8	7	+5.5
BUSINESS & LABOUR ENVIRONMENT	61.4	7	+6.0
Regional Integration	67.4	3	+15.9
Economic Diversification	75.6	11	-2.8
Business & Competition Regulations	69.3	11	-5.6
Access to Banking Services	36.6	14	+8.8
Labour Relations	70.0	8	+10.8
Secure Employment Opportunities	49.5	23	+8.7
INFRASTRUCTURE	45.0	15	+8.7
Transport Network	42.3	16	+2.5
Access to Energy	46.8	19	+3.9
Mobile Communications	84.2	4	+31.2
Internet & Computers	10.4	33	+5.0
Shipping & Postal Network	41.5	11	+1.4
RURAL ECONOMY	63.2	26	-4.4
Rural Land & Water Access	62.6	17	+6.4
Rural Market Access	81.8	6	-14.5
Rural Economy Support	54.0	31	+7.4
Rural Representation & Participation	54.3	36	-17.2

PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION

	SCORE/100 2021	RANK/54 2021	TREND 2012-2021
PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION	63.6	10	-2.0
PARTICIPATION	59.3	12	-5.4
Freedom of Association & Assembly	37.5	16	-25.0
Political Pluralism	45.6	19	+7.4
Civil Society Space	88.3	7	-1.5
Democratic Elections	65.8	8	-2.4
RIGHTS	66.9	7	+1.4
Personal Liberties	71.6	6	+9.8
Freedom of Expression & Belief	90.8	6	-4.1
Media Freedom	76.4	6	-11.1
Digital Rights	79.3	11	+4.3
Protection against Discrimination	16.7	19	+8.4
INCLUSION & EQUALITY	66.7	6	-3.5
Equal Political Power	66.3	5	-2.5
Equal Political Representation	55.8	10	+0.5
Equal Civil Liberties	77.2	8	-6.0
Equal Socioeconomic Opportunity	80.2	5	-6.8
Equal Access to Public Services	54.1	9	-2.4
WOMEN'S EQUALITY	61.6	22	-0.6
Political Power & Representation of Women	49.7	26	-0.9
Equal Rights & Civil Liberties for Women	57.9	40	-5.6
Socioeconomic Opportunity for Women	54.4	22	+3.8
Equal Access to Public Services for Women	66.2	15	+0.0
Laws on Violence against Women	80.0	17	+0.0

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

	SCORE/100 2021	RANK/54 2021	TREND 2012-2021
HUMAN DEVELOPMENT	58.1	14	+4.6
HEALTH	65.8	11	+9.1
Access to Healthcare	44.6	27	+3.9
Access to Water & Sanitation	56.3	15	+8.2
Control of Communicable Diseases	83.4	16	+12.7
Control of Non-Communicable Diseases	74.3	24	-3.2
Child & Maternal Health	67.7	19	+10.8
Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR)	68.4	12	+22.3
EDUCATION	53.0	23	+3.2
Equality in Education	70.7	6	+8.2
Education Enrolment	23.5	38	+1.5
Education Completion	36.7	35	+8.6
Human Resources in Education	91.7	10	-0.9
Education Quality	42.3	29	-1.3
SOCIAL PROTECTION & WELFARE	55.7	10	+5.1
Social Safety Nets	33.9	22	+0.0
Poverty Reduction Policies	58.6	13	+5.5
Socioeconomic Inequality Mitigation	59.1	11	+2.8
Decent Housing	56.5	10	+14.7
Food Security	70.5	17	+2.6
SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENT	57.9	17	+0.8
Promotion of Environmental Sustainability	58.7	17	-7.2
Enforcement of Environmental Policies	54.1	12	+5.2
Air Quality	64.1	27	+5.0
Sustainable Use of Land & Forests	69.5	12	+1.9
Land & Water Biodiversity Protection	43.0	32	-0.9

Sources

SECURITY & RULE OF LAW

SECURITY & RULE OF LAW

SECURITY & SAFETY

Absence of Armed Conflict (ACLED/UCDP)
Absence of Violence against Civilians (ACLED/PTS)
Absence of Forced Migration (IDMC/UNHCR)
Absence of Human Trafficking & Forced Labour (ENACT/V-DEM)
Absence of Crime (ENACT/WHO)

RULE OF LAW & JUSTICE

Executive Compliance with the Rule of Law (V-DEM/WJP)
Impartiality of the Judicial System (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)
Judicial Processes (V-DEM/WJP)
Equality before the Law (FH/WJP)
Law Enforcement (AFIDEP&GI/WEF/WJP)
Property Rights (BS/V-DEM/WJP)

ACCOUNTABILITY & TRANSPARENCY

Institutional Checks & Balances (BS/V-DEM/WJP)
Absence of Undue Influence on Government (BS/FH/V-DEM)
Civic Checks & Balances (BS/V-DEM/WJP)
Disclosure of Public Records (AFIDEP&GI/IBP/WJP)
Accessibility of Public Records (AFIDEP&GI/WJP)

ANTI-CORRUPTION

Anti-Corruption Mechanisms (AFIDEP&GI/BS)
Absence of Corruption in State Institutions (V-DEM/WJP)
Absence of Corruption in the Public Sector (V-DEM/WEF/WJP)
Public Procurement Procedures (AFIDEP&GI/WJP)
Absence of Corruption in the Private Sector (WB/WEF)

PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION

PARTICIPATION, RIGHTS & INCLUSION

PARTICIPATION

Freedom of Association & Assembly (AFIDEP&GI/FH)
Political Pluralism (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)
Civil Society Space (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)
Democratic Elections (AFIDEP&GI/CDD-Ghana/V-DEM)

RIGHTS

Personal Liberties (FH/V-DEM/WJP)
Freedom of Expression & Belief (FH/V-DEM/WJP)
Media Freedom (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM/RSF)
Digital Rights (AFIDEP&GI/DSP&V-DEM/V-DEM)
Protection against Discrimination (AFIDEP&GI)

INCLUSION & EQUALITY

Equal Political Power (V-DEM)
Equal Political Representation (FH/IPU/V-DEM)
Equal Civil Liberties (V-DEM)
Equal Socioeconomic Opportunity (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)
Equal Access to Public Services (V-DEM)

WOMEN'S EQUALITY

Political Power & Representation of Women (AFIDEP&GI/IPU/V-DEM)
Equal Rights & Civil Liberties for Women (V-DEM/WB)
Socioeconomic Opportunity for Women (AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM)
Equal Access to Public Services for Women (V-DEM)
Laws on Violence against Women (WB)

FOUNDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

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PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Civil Registration (AFIDEP&GI)
Capacity of the Statistical System (AFIDEP&GI/ODW/V-DEM/WB)
Tax & Revenue Mobilisation (AfDB/UNU-WIDER/WB)
Budgetary & Financial Management (AfDB/WB)
Effective Administration (AfDB/AFIDEP&GI/V-DEM/WB)

BUSINESS & LABOUR ENVIRONMENT

Regional Integration (AfDB/AfDB&AUC/UNCTAD)
Economic Diversification (OEC/UNCTAD)
Business & Competition Regulations (AfDB/BS/WB)
Access to Banking Services (GSMA/IMF)
Labour Relations (AFIDEP&GI/WEF)
Secure Employment Opportunities (ILO/WB)

INFRASTRUCTURE

Transport Network (AfDB/WEF)
Access to Energy (WB/WHO)
Mobile Communications (ITU)
Internet & Computers (ITU/WB)
Shipping & Postal Network (UNCTAD/UPU)

RURAL ECONOMY

Rural Land & Water Access (IFAD)
Rural Market Access (IFAD)
Rural Economy Support (IFAD)
Rural Representation & Participation (IFAD)

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

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HEALTH

Access to Healthcare (V-DEM/WHO)
Access to Water & Sanitation (WHO&UNICEF)
Control of Communicable Diseases (UNAIDS/WHO)
Control of Non-Communicable Diseases (IHME)
Child & Maternal Health (IGME/MMEIG/UNDESA/UNICEF&WHO&WB)
Compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR) (WHO)

EDUCATION

Equality in Education (V-DEM/UNESCO)
Education Enrolment (UNESCO)
Education Completion (UNESCO)
Human Resources in Education (UNESCO)
Education Quality (BS/WB/WEF)

SOCIAL PROTECTION & WELFARE

Social Safety Nets (AFIDEP&GI/BS)
Poverty Reduction Policies (AfDB/BS/WB)
Socioeconomic Inequality Mitigation (AfDB/FFP/WB/WID.World)
Decent Housing (CAHF/UN-Habitat&UNDESA)
Food Security (FAO)

SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENT

Promotion of Environmental Sustainability (AfDB/BS/WB)
Enforcement of Environmental Policies (WEF/WJP)
Air Quality (HEI&IHME)
Sustainable Use of Land & Forests (FAO/WB/WRI)
Land & Water Biodiversity Protection (ENACT/WB/Yale & Columbia)

Acronyms

ACLED	Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project	UNAIDS	Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS
AfDB	African Development Bank	UNCTAD	United Nations Conference on Trade and Development
AFIDEP	African Institute for Development Policy	UNDESA	United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs
AUC	African Union Commission	UNESCO	United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
BS	Bertelsmann Stiftung	UN-Habitat	United Nations Human Settlements Programme
CAHF	Centre for Affordable Housing Finance in Africa	UNHCR	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
CDD-Ghana	Ghana Center for Democratic Development	UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund
Columbia	Center for International Earth Science Information Network Earth Institute, Columbia University	UNU-WIDER	United Nations University - World Institute for Development Economics Research
DSP	Digital Society Project	UPU	Universal Postal Union
ENACT	ENACT Africa	V-DEM	Varieties of Democracy Institute
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations	WB	World Bank
FFP	Fund for Peace	WEF	World Economic Forum
FH	Freedom House	WHO	World Health Organization
GI	Global Integrity	WID.World	World Inequality Database
GSMA	Global System for Mobile Communications	WJP	World Justice Project
HEI	Health Effects Institute	WRI	World Resources Institute
IBP	International Budget Partnership	Yale	Yale Center for Environmental Law & Policy
IDMC	Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre		
IFAD	International Fund for Agricultural Development		
IHME	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation		
ILO	International Labour Organization		
IMF	International Monetary Fund		
IPU	Inter-Parliamentary Union		
ITU	International Telecommunication Union		
ODW	Open Data Watch		
OEC	Observatory for Economic Complexity		
PTS	Political Terror Scale		
RSF	Reporters sans frontières (Reporters Without Borders)		
UCDP	Uppsala Conflict Data Program		
UN IGME	United Nations Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation		
UN MMEIG	United Nations Maternal Mortality Estimation Inter-agency Group		



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